The Alumni and the Problems of Alcohol

DURING the past 2 years, there has been a good deal of interest among some of the alumni about a more effective alumni organization. There is a feeling that the alumni of the Yale Summer School of Alcohol Studies ought to be more active, ought "to do" something. There is, however, considerable question about why they should organize, what they should be active about, and what is a practical and valuable and interesting thing for them to do.

There are a variety of answers to these questions. An alumni association often has sentimental value. It can be a means for raising funds for the organization from which the alumni graduated, for financing current and future students, for fostering good will and publicity for the parent organization, for allowing periodic meetings among those who were close friends in earlier years, and in some instances, for maintaining prestige or snobbery values. These answers, however, have only slight application to the Yale Summer School of Alcohol Studies. The School lasts only 4 weeks as opposed to the 4 years spent in college, thus reducing the probable strength of ties of friendship, group loyalty and sentiment. As for raising funds for the School, doubling or even tripling present alumni dues (granted that all who now pay to continue to do so) would hardly meet .{}6 or 6 per cent of the annual cost of the School; at present, the money for dues does not even cover the cost of the Alumni News. With the enormous competition in this country for membership dues or annual contributions by all manner of organizations, it seems unlikely that fund raising would be a very practical goal.

Another function which is aided by an alumni association is that of stimulating and screening future applicants to the School. With very little organization as such, the alumni already are doing a more and more efficient job on such stimulation and screening. That such a function would be enhanced, especially within particular regions, by more active groups of alumni is almost a foregone conclusion. However, as a major reason for greater development of an alumni organization, this activity alone does not seem to offer an adequate rationale.

An alumni organization, through publication of a newsletter and through holding periodic meetings, both regional and at the School itself, can serve as a means for reviewing or maintaining interest and for keeping alumni advised of new developments in publication, service, research, meetings and the like. This is a meaningful function in terms of alumni interest in a specific field. It suggests that there is no popular magazine or no technical journal which is already fulfilling this function, that there is no other organization already serving this need for many of the alumni. For example, a bulletin for the Summer School alumni should hardly plan to compete with the QUARTERLY JOURNAL OF STUDIES ON ALCOHOL, with some of the periodicities of the state commissions on alcoholism or with specialized reports for alcohol educators. The present Alumni News certainly keeps interested alumni aware of what is happening among other alumni and indicates some of the activities of the Yale Center. Should it do more? And, if so, for whom and in what manner? As for holding conferences or institutes, would a regional group of alumni be the best effective sponsor or organizer of a meeting on a specific subject directed primarily toward a specific group? For instance, wouldn't an educational association or a medical society or a traffic engineers' organization, or a personnel association be more adequate sponsors of conferences on secondary school teaching and alcohol, on medical care of the alcoholic, on driving "under the influence" or on problem drinking in industry?

I believe such questions and criticisms and the proposals of superior alternatives are all quite germane. I also happen to be extremely suspicious of organizations and conferences and publications in general, unless there is an understandable rationale for their existence, one that can be translated into pretty concrete terms of what and why and when and whom and, always of course, costing how much. I would suppose that many of the alumni would share with me the sense of irritation or guilt or nuisance or whatever it may be when asked to "join up and pay up" for just one more group.

THE NEED FOR ACTION

But I also happen to believe that there can be a very real reason for organized activity by alumni of the Yale Summer School of Alcohol Studies. In many areas of the country I think there is a crying need for action which they, perhaps more effectively than anyone else, can stimulate, guide and support. It may be that some groups are too acting. If so, they have been rather quiet about it.

I am going to take it for granted that the purposes of an alumni organization are:

1. To serve the purpose(s) for which the alumni association was formed.
2. To provide a forum for the discussion of problems of a given area.
3. To provide a means for directing attention to the problems of a given area to the public at large, and to the authorities or the publicists who are responsible for the public welfare.
4. To keep the alumni informed of the progress of their efforts.

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News from Canada and Abroad
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of the Yale Summer School of Alcohol Studies
52 Hillhouse Avenue, New Haven, Connecticut
LABORATORY OF APPLIED BIODYNAMICS
Director: Leon A. Greenberg, Ph.D.
SUMMER SCHOOL OF ALCOHOL STUDIES
Director: Selden D. Bacon, Ph.D.
Associate Director: Raymond G. McCarthy, A.M., Ed.M.
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52 Hillhouse Avenue, New Haven, Conn.
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smuggling, economic waste, destructive fire, and on and on. Third, it was pointed out that serious analysis of alcohol problems (which inevitably called for analysis of alcohol and alcohol use, whether judged problematic or not) called for application of a wide variety of intellectual disciplines, e.g., biochemistry, pharmacology, experimental and social psychology, sociology, statistics. It was emphasized that all these aspects manifestions and modes of analysis applied to all of the problems and that all of the problems were interrelated.

One conclusion stemming from this description of the problems was that attack (for alleviation, for control or for prevention) on one of the aspects, on one of the manifestations, utilizing one mode of analysis is doomed to failure. Example after example was given, in education, law, psychiatry, religion, research, to indicate the lack of meaningful, persistent accomplishment following these specialized efforts.

It would seem to me that the positive conclusion, the converse of the above, is that successful attack on the problems of alcohol must be complex, must concern itself with the problems of alcohol—and necessarily, therefore, with alcohol and its uses, whether deemed problematic or not—in many aspects, utilizing many disciplines.

CURRENT ACTIVITY
It takes no particular genius, no esoteric mode of observation to perceive that there is very little in the way of an organized attack upon alcohol problems as such at this time. Instead we see a variety of targets, varied attacks and a variety of weapons. Here is a group attacking the problem of driving under the influence, there one attacking Skid Row, a third is concerned with education in the schools, a fourth with alcoholism, a fifth with bootlegging, a sixth with problem drinking in industry, a seventh with political controls over conditions of sale, an eighth with alcohol and tuberculosis, and, again, esteters, esteters. One group is clearly leftist; another religious, a third medical, a fourth educational, a fifth almost entirely AA, in orientation, a sixth psychiatric, and so on. It is not difficult to classify these groups in terms of the explicit or implicit assumptions of the cause and nature of alcohol problems upon which they base their mode of attack, their appeal for support and their selection of a target for operations.

Anyone who feels that these groups are all cooperating is equipped with very dark glasses indeed. I would suggest the following characteristics of the groups as particularly relevant for the present discussion: (1) Some are cute-like, openly burning with zeal and activity, while others are apparently only casually interested and act in traditional modes, often rather apathetically and perhaps with cynical pessimism. (2) Some of the groups (including both cultists and cynics) are marked by and openly antagonistic to the rest, while a few express at least verbal sympathy toward some of those others. (3) There are some groups which are organized around alcohol and its problems per se, but most of the interested groups are subdivisions of larger organizations whose major interest is not alcohol or its problems. (4) Most of the groups concerned with alcohol and its problems are neither sympathetic nor antagonistic to the other concerned groups, but rather are unaware of their existence; they are also unaware that there is a complex interrelationship of the various phenomena related to alcohol usage (whether it is judged to be a problem or not) and are unaware that their interests about the subject necessarily overlap and coincide with the interests of others.

There are, of course, many explanations for this state of affairs. One of them involves the collapse of the dominant, single-minded and highly organized movement on alcohol problems which lasted in this country roughly from 1835 to 1935. It was based upon the assumption that there was one simple and unchanging cause of the problem. This was sometimes expressed as sin, sometimes as poison, usually as poison-plus-sin. Some people have thought there were two movements (dry and wet) and assumed that when the one collapsed, the other took over. The wet, however, were not particularly interested in alcohol usage or problems; they were clearly and single-mindedly interested in—and on occasion highly organized for—one thing: the defeat of the dry. When the drys—as an organized force with the full philosophy of the 1899-1920 phase of their development—collapsed, no organized movement
on alcohol problems remained in existence. The problems, however, continued; some believe they have grown worse. The result is a fragmentation of organized responses.

But fragmentation of responses in this extraordinarily complex and integrated area means inefficiency of responses.

It is fairly clear that what is needed is integration on a broad level. Integration means organization and leadership. Organization and leadership are the most useful words when taken superficially. However, even the slightest glance beneath this pleasing surface reveals that organization and leadership mean specified work and 100 per cent following; they mean that everybody gives, not that everybody takes. Joining to achieve a goal, as members of A.A. found out through much painful experience, requires first, recognition of the problem; second, surrender; third, adoption of new ways; and fourth, positive and persistent new belief accompanied by action. Without recognition and surrender there will be nothing. Recognition followed by mere compliance, as Harry Tiebout has so well expressed it in relation to A.A. membership, will not suffice. The same applies to the attack on alcohol problems of which alcoholism is one manifestation. Recognition, surrender, new ways, persistent and positive belief and then growth are necessary.

And who shall lead? The more dynamic leaders of the various fragments, especially those that are zealous and are principally organized around some one alcohol problem, will rapidly offer their services. They will claim recognition of the complexity of the problems and of the need for integration. But will they surrender, will they adopt new ways, will they take on and persist in new beliefs? Or will they, consciously or unconsciously, be trying to bring all "the others" to an acceptance of their own group's definition of the problem, its causes and the proper mode of action? The surrender of the dynamic leader of a dynamic group is a rather unusual event. They are usually interested, almost passionately, in the surrender of others to themselves, although, of course, it is rarely stated in such terms.

THE ROLE OF ALUMNI

It is perhaps rather clear by now that I feel the alumni of the Summer School could play a leading (though not necessarily a leadership) role in this situation. Moreover, they would play this role as alumni. By this, I mean, that they would not organize under the banner of any of the fragments. Their major interest would not be Skid Row or alcohol education or alcoholism or any of the others, but would be the problems of alcohol. Nor would they be opposed to any of the fragmentary groups. Their aim would be the communication of broad understanding and, within that framework, the development of resources for new, cooperative ways of behavior and more efficient responses in the community or region to the complex network of problems related to use of alcohol. The viewpoints and programs of many of the fragment groups would obviously be relevant, but no one of them would be dominant. In fact, in relation to the proposed alumni association, many of them would feel they were being asked to surrender; if failure to be considered dominant or more important than others is a sign of surrender, then the feeling will be appropriate. However, the majority of the groups to be considered will not present this problem; they have hardly heard of the groups particularly devoted to this or that alcohol problem; above all, they have not recognized (or been willing to recognize) that (a) they are at all involved and (b) their involvement is radically entwined with all the other alcohol problems of all the other groups. If anything, getting these groups to recognize the problems, appreciate and accept the complex interrelationships and then do something about it is made difficult by the very reputation and dictatorial or arrogant manner of some of the fragment groups; let no one feel particularly grieved by this statement since the writer is at least as open to criticism on this score as any reader.

What should an alumni association in a particular community or region do in order to develop an all-round or complex approach to the problems of alcohol? Granted there were a few alumni interested in this mode of approach, I think the first step would be a broad survey of the groups and individuals regularly and responsibly involved in meetings of the problems. This would include the many governmental agencies or sub-agencies directly concerned, such as alcohol beverage control boards or state monopoly boards, and particular enforcement groups, such as health, police, fire, licensing, zoning and revenue, whether on the federal, state, county, municipal or other level. It would include temperance groups such as and temperance or similar sub-groups of churches. It would encompass public relations and any other relevant groups from the beverage industries. It would include insurance companies of almost any description; secondary school teachers concerned with health, civics and related subjects; ministers and social workers. Personnel workers, union officials, courts, motor vehicle departments, restaurant associations and parents' groups are also clearly involved.

Last there be any mistake, may I reiterate that the interest and involvement concern the problems of alcohol. So many graduates of the School have been so deeply interested in alcoholism that they are likely to interpret all these suggestions in terms of one of these problems. When they try to interest others, whether from the categories suggested above or from the many more which could be added, they often speak only of this one condition and at the least imply that alcoholism is the only problem of alcohol. And yet for many, many persons it is not the only problem and in fact is not even a very important problem. To many, for example, the question of drinking by teen-agers (especially their own children) is of more significance than alcoholism, and they are gifted with enough common sense to realize that the two problems

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January 15, 1960

Dear Alumni:

Those of us who attended the Summer School in the early years vividly remember the Reverend Francis W. McPeek, who served at the Summer sessions as Dr. Jellinek's assistant, as well as lecturer and seminar leader. For several years he and Father Ford lectured on the subject of moral philosophy, alcohol and alcoholism. At that time Francis McPeek was the industrial relations secretary of the Council for Social Action of the Congregational Christian Churches. Later, he moved to Chicago and directed the Department of Human Relations for the City of Chicago. He possessed a sparkling, brilliant mind and a keen sense of humor.

We were shocked to learn of his sudden death last year. He is survived by his wife and two sons. He will always be remembered with deep affection by his many friends.

It is my hope that this year all alumni will send in their dues so that the cost of the ALUMNI NEWS will be met. Our president, Bill Ferguson, and the staff are most willing to cooperate in local and regional alumni conferences. I trust a number will be held during the coming year.

With best wishes to all,

Sincerely,

Wayne W. Womer, ’43
Recording Secretary
are different. Again, to some millions of people, religious aspects of the use of alcohol (utterly apart from alcoholism) are of more significance than its disease aspects which may occur in 5 per cent of the users. It may be difficult for some to believe that Skid Row problems go beyond alcoholism, but most of the experts seem to feel that the heavier use of alcohol is but one reflection (and possibly not too significant a one) of that very complex social phenomenon. That secondary schools should be concerned with alcoholism any more than with pneumonia, cancer or schizophrenia is hardly a defendable proposition; however, understanding of alcohol usage and attitudes toward alcohol problems can be a legitimate and useful subject. The illegal production, ownership, transportation and sale of alcoholic beverages is an enormous problem, but hardly to be understood, minimized or prevented through the use of knowledge or techniques relevant to alcoholism. In some alcohol-use problems, such as driving under the influence, alcoholism plays a part, perhaps a fairly significant part, but to pretend that it is a dominant aspect of this problem is clearly unreasonable.

Once the many interested groups and categories of people within a community or region have been listed and the particular problems apparently faced by each have been tentatively stated, it becomes obvious to note areas where different groups have similar and overlapping interests and to perceive how the broader background of training and interest of the alumni may contribute cross-interpretation and stimulation and new ideas to some of these presently fragmented groups. This would be initiated by discussion with individuals of the different categories (not by "selling" them or bombarding them with pamphlets). When some of these individuals find that the alumni is trying to find out about their problems (rather than indoctrinating them about the nature and needs of his problem) some friends may be attained.

Certain organizations or categories in Missouri or San Francisco or Buffalo may be doing little or nothing while their counterparts in Minneapolis or Austin or Baltimore may have been quite active. It is perhaps not rare to find that in one region two or three groups, not at all inimical to each other, are active in similar ways, but are totally unaware of each other's activity.

What can the alumni offer to such groups? First, something like a classified census of who's doing what and also of which relevant "whos" are doing nothing (though counterparts elsewhere are active) is significant to all who have concerns in this wide, wide field. Secondly, there is the matter of basic relevant information, most of it necessarily relevant to more than half of the groups listed. Is such information known, and, if known, is it available? If not, what can be done about it? Are the laws and ordinances known? Are they available? Are the official positions on beverage alcohol of the major religious groups known and available? Are there reports available on the involvement of alcohol in fatal or major automobile accidents? If so, do they represent reality or what, if anything, is being taught in the schools? Is there any evidence on who uses alcoholic beverages in the community? How much, how often, what? The Department of Agriculture annually publishes relevant figures of this nature. Is giving the pledge still the chief means used to combat the problem of chronic drunkenness offenders? There is probably some local source of information and action, perhaps three or four, on the subject of alcoholism, and these should be included.

One can see that productive activities might rather naturally spring from this exploratory beginning. It might prove to be an exciting venture not only for certain alumni but also for others; we might call them friends of the alumni, and there is no reason why they should play secondary roles merely because they are untouched by direct contact with the Eli Blue.

And so I would suggest to those interested in alumni activity and organization that one (and it is only one) great area of need, an area directly related to their experience at the School, an area often devoid of sympathetic and trained persons working in unison, forms a natural vehicle for the channeling of the resources to be found in the alumni. It is all based upon that seemingly so simple idea that the problems of alcohol are complex.

Selden D. Bacon

Alumni Institute Scheduled in July 1961

BY VOTE of the student body in 1958, the next Alumni Institute is scheduled to be held in July 1961. The 1958 session was considered highly successful by those who attended. An attempt was made to place the conduct of the Institute in the hands of alumni as far as possible. Obviously a certain amount of long-range planning must be done by the Center staff and in following a coordinating function it is sometimes necessary to make decisions which appear arbitrary. The staff will welcome suggestions for a theme for the meeting or for any change in organization that may be desired.

During the 1960 School an attempt will be made to organize a planning committee, consisting particularly of visiting staff. This committee will be invited to raise certain questions which will then be submitted to graduates through the Alumni News. Your responses to these questions will indicate the degree to which you are interested in participating directly in the pre-planning of the 1961 Alumni Institute.

The Henderson Fellowship Fund

TWO FULL FELLOWSHIPS were awarded for the 1959 School from the fund established as a memorial to Ralph M. (Lefty) Henderson. Recipients were Peter P. Halpin, social service director of the Tuberculosis Hospital in Tampa, Fla., and Hugh S. Hughes, casework supervisor of the House of Correction in Milwaukee, Wis.

As of December 31, 1959 the fund had received $2,936.36 including contributions and interest. After deducting the fees for the scholarship granted in 1958 and for the two granted in 1959, the balance was $2,261.36.

A number of contributors have indicated that they will give annually and a number did this year. This statement will be the only reminder to them. Please make checks payable to the Henderson Fellowship Fund and mail to 52 Hillhouse Avenue, Yale Station, New Haven, Conn.

Selden D. Bacon
Esther Wendell Henderson, '47
Raymond G. McCarthy, '43
Trustees

Radio Panels

DURING the 1959 Summer School, staff members were invited to prepare a series of radio tapes for use on the fall and winter program of "Yale Reports," a series which has been broadcast for 15 years by Station WTIC in Hartford. Participants in the programs were Selden D. Bacon, director of the School; Raymond G. McCarthy, '43, associate director; Leon A. Greenberg, director of the Laboratory of Applied Biodynamics and lecturer at the School; Mark Keller, editor of the Quarterly Journal of Studies on Alcohol and lecturer at the School; Dr. Elise C. Hoff, medical director of the Division of Alcohol Studies and Rehabilitation at the Medical College of Virginia Hospital and leader of the physicians' seminar; Milton A. Maxwell, '30, professor of sociology at Washington State University and leader of the industry seminar; Dr. Max Pepper, psychiatrist with the Connecticut Commission on Alcoholism; and a member of Alcoholics Anonymous.

The programs, broadcast on five consecutive Sunday evenings during September and October, covered the following topics: the Yale Center of Alcohol Studies; alcohol and the human body; alcoholism; alcoholism therapy; and alcohol, the citizen and research.

The general title of the series was "Alcohol and the Citizen." Transcripts of the entire series are available without charge from Station WTIC, Hartford 15, Conn.
Student Reaction to the 1959 School Curriculum

REGISTRATION at the 1959 Summer School was higher than in any previous year. Because of the large number of applications received from professional people, it was agreed to increase the enrollment to 300. This increase was possible because of the opening of a new dormitory for women, which allowed full use of Silliman College for men.

The expanded enrollment was considered experimental and no commitment for maintaining the School at a level of 300 students was intended. Certain problems were anticipated but, as frequently happens, unanticipated situations proved more troublesome than those for which advance planning was done. For example, it was expected that there might be some difficulty in the dining hall during mealtimes because of the size of the student body. This was readily taken care of by the dining hall administration by lengthening the period of service. On the other hand, in developing discussion groups, an experiment introduced in 1958, there were times during the session when it was difficult to secure six leaders competent to handle the range of questions that arose in some of the groups.

One additional seminar was organized, for public health personnel, and with this single change the customary seminar organization was able to absorb the additional students without difficulty.

Student Evaluation of the School

At various times in the past, students have been asked to evaluate seminars. In 1959 an attempt was made to secure an expression of opinion on the School curriculum in general. A series of items was formulated and submitted on a pro-test basis to 30 students selected at random from the roster. After analysis of these returns, a questionnaire of 42 items was devised, covering expressions of opinion about lectures, discussion groups, seminars, film showings, and library services.

Lectures

We were interested to learn whether students considered the terminology of the lectures too technical, whether there was too much sociological, psychological, or psychiatric interpretation of material—in general, whether the lectures were too theoretical. The group expressed general satisfaction with the lecture material, although 14 percent of the 270 replies indicated that the level of the material was too low. Approximately 23 percent felt that the terminology used by most lecturers was too technical for them.

There was a strong feeling among students that the lectures should be limited to not more than 50 minutes. It is difficult to interpret this response, but it is possible that this is a carry-over from traditional college lecture schedules. In a regular course the lecturer meets two or three times a week with his class and can maintain continuity throughout a series of sessions. In the Summer School, however, one very broad topic must frequently be handled in a single session and it is a disadvantage for the audience and for the speaker to limit him to less than an hour. It may be suggested that where necessary two separate lecture periods be allocated for important material. This, however, is not consistent with the attempt in recent years to reduce the number of lecture hours in order to allow more time for seminars.

Seminars

Students generally expressed satisfaction with the seminar program. They felt that the leadership was adequate and that the material was on a professional level. The only critical note was the feeling that the seminar program should begin earlier in the session.

Discussion Groups

Some dissatisfaction was expressed with the discussion groups, and this is understandable. On the third or fourth day of the School, before students were sufficiently acclimated to the work, they were organized into six groups and offered an opportunity to discuss the lecture material of the preceding days. The groups were made up from an alphabetical list and leaders rotated among the groups on different days.

It is the opinion of the permanent staff that students really are not ready for open discussion until the second week. Yet students do have questions about the lecture material, and no satisfactory way of providing opportunity for questions and answers had been developed. Students indicated that the auditorium following a lecture is an unsatisfactory setting in which to answer the following item, which appeared on the questionnaire: "A question period in the auditorium following each lecture would be more helpful than the discussion sessions." Thirty-one percent agreed, 55 percent disagreed and 14 percent expressed no opinion.

Library and Filos

Satisfaction with the library service was expressed with one exception. It was felt that an insufficient number of copies of items on the lecture bibliography were regularly available.

Students reacted favorably to the film program, which consisted of some evening and many late afternoon showings.

Conclusions

It is the opinion of the Summer School staff that an increase in the size of the School is unwarranted at the present time. Accordingly, the 1960 enrollment will be limited to 275.

Some provision will be made to improve the discussion group structure during the first week. The administration objects to scheduling any more evening sessions than are absolutely necessary and also agrees that a question period following each lecture is impractical. One interesting suggestion came out of the survey—namely, that seminar groups should be organized early and that the discussion sessions should be handled through these groups. This is an interesting idea, but it really compounds the difficulty since instead of 5 discussion groups with a student body of 275 we would have 14 discussion groups, based on seminar organization. However, the fact that this suggestion not only was made but was widely approved reflects the high proportion of professional people who are now attending the School and the degree of interest they exhibit in the material available to them.

RAYMOND G. McCARTHY, '43

HAPPY NEW YEAR

Members of the staff of the School and Center wish to express their thanks to the many alumni who sent in holiday greetings. Each of us extends to each of you our sincere wishes for a happy and prosperous 1960.
Alumni Groups at Work

In Alabama

A CONFERENCE on alcoholism, "The Approach to State and Community Action," was held in Montgomery on December 11, 1959. The conference was co-sponsored by the Alabama alumni of the Summer School and the Alabama Commission on Alcoholism. Alumni participating were Paul Irvine, '49, Auburn; the Reverend Robert M. Man, '58, Bessemer; William J. Plunkert, '56, New York City; and John L. Sanders, '58, Montgomery.

In Maryland and Michigan

ALUMNI SPEAKERS BUREAUS have been set up in Maryland and Michigan. Dr. Caroline Chandler, acting director of the Division of Mental Health, State Department of Health, Baltimore, met with Maryland alumni to form the bureau in Maryland. Ralph W. Daniel, '52, executive director of the State Board of Alcoholism, is in charge of the bureau in Michigan.

In Florida

FOLLOWING a precedent established in 1957 and 1958 the Florida Alcoholic Rehabilitation Program scheduled an annual workshop for Florida alumni of the Summer School at the Avon Park center on November 6-7, 1959. Alumni who attended the 1959 workshop were invited to report individually on their impressions. A full day was devoted to interpreting the program of the Florida center, particularly the roles of members of the different disciplines, for example, the social worker, the pastoral counselor, the physician and the psychologist.

Individuals responsible for organizing and developing the workshop were Ernest A. Shepherd, '44, administrator of the Florida programs; Barton K. Johns, '54, executive secretary of the Florida Osteopathic Medical Association; and Dorothy M. Johnson, '56, executive secretary, Health Division, Welfare Planning Council of Dade County. Mrs. Johnson has also agreed to be the program chairman for the 1960 workshop which will be held November 5-6.

According to a statement by Ernest A. Shepherd, "The alumni workshop was most successful this year. The quality of the discussions, the freedom of people to participate, their interest in the presentations, all indicate that it was the best workshop we have ever had."

The National Council on Alcoholism

THE annual meeting of the National Council on Alcoholism was held in Salt Lake City, Utah, on March 18-20, 1959. In addition to the meeting, institutes on casework, homeless and institutional alcoholics, and community organizations were held. The following alumni participated: Robert Aikenhead, '53, Detroit, executive secretary, Mayor's Rehabilitation Committee; Ellis T. Demars, '50, Salt Lake City, board member, Utah State Board on Alcoholism; Marry Mann, '44, New York City; executive director, N.C.A.; Jennings Olson, '52, Ogden, chairman, Department of Anthropology, Weber College; William J. Plunkert, '56, New York City, associate director, N.C.A.; Kathleen Richardson, '58, New York City, Alcoholism Information Center; and R. Brinkley Smithers, '56, New York City, president, N.C.A.

A.A.I.A.N. Elects New Officers

THE annual meeting of the Association for the Advancement of Instruction about Alcohol and Narcotics was held on September 8, 1959 at the Hotel Belmont, Harwich, Cape Cod. Officers elected for the term beginning in January 1960 are: president, George G. Nimmock, '53; first vice-president, Harold W. Demone, Jr., '53; second vice-president, Robert D. Russell, '59; secretary-treasurer, John L. Miller, '51; and executive secretary, Raymond G. McCarthy, '43. Those elected to the Executive Board for a 3-year term were Lloyd M. Cofer, '56; William F. Ferguson, '54; and Helen M. Slocom. Carryover members of the board are: Vashie I. Cain, '44; Robert K. Evans, '52; W. K. Ferrier, '48; Knight B. Kerr, '51; John J. Pisciotta, '51; Gordon Rance, '55; John W. Richcy, '55; A. M. Taylor, '44; and William J. Wacko, '56.

The organization's drive for new members is being extended to May 1, 1960. A copy of the 500-page reader, Drinking and Intoxication, is offered as a premium without charge to all those who take out a 2-year membership at a cost of $5. The retail price of the reader alone is $7.50.

Members receive a bulletin published 3 times a year. Institutional members, by vote of the Executive Board, now receive 10 copies of each issue of the bulletin.

Alcohol Education Launched in Syracuse Diocese

WITH the encouragement of the Most Reverend Walter A. Foery, D.D., Bishop of Syracuse, an alcohol education program has been inaugurated in the parochial schools of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Syracuse. The program is under the direction of the Reverend Robert F. Lavin, '39.

Inservice training sessions were held on three consecutive Saturdays during October attended by 75 teaching nuns of the diocese. This group represented all of the senior high schools and some of the junior high schools in the parochial system of Syracuse. Assisting in the training program was the Reverend Raymond J. H. Kennedy, S.J., '53.

A series of pamphlets for use in the program was prepared by Father Lavin. Material incorporating moral and spiritual values involved in the use of alcoholic beverages was provided by Father John C. Ford, S.J., '48.

The formal classroom program began during November 1959 in 5 of the 12 parochial schools of the city, with 1,500 students participating. An additional 7 schools introduced the material in February 1960. According to Father Lavin, this is the first time such a course has been given in a Catholic parochial school system in this country. It is his hope to have 3,500 students take the course before June 1960, at which time the program will be extended to other areas of the Syracuse diocese.

Participants in the Florida Alumni Workshop.—Held in Avon Park, November 6-7, 1959. Standing, left to right: Barton K. Johns, Dr. A. J. DeSautels, Mrs. A. J. DeSautels, the Reverend H. D. Graetz, William Hill, J. E. Markham, C. A. Wrede, T. W. Stearns, Dr. W. L. Wright, Dr. L. Foriz, E. A. Shepherd, Peter Halpin, Dorothy Johnson. Seated, left to right: Alice Meyers, Lillian Craig, Mrs. F. E. Filier, Hazel Reynolds, Marion Kalashian, Joanna Cushwa.
North American Association of Alcoholism Programs

The tenth annual meeting of the North American Association of Alcoholism Programs was held at the Belmont Hotel in West Harwich, Mass., September 8-19, 1959. There were 100 persons in attendance. The following alumni participated in the program: H. David Archibald, '48, Ontario; Miriam L. Cooper, '35, Massachusetts; Ralph W. Daniel, '32, Michigan; Harold W. Demone, Jr., '35, Massachusetts; the Reverend Richard A. Drea, S.J., '37, Massachusetts; Max P. Good, '34, Maine; J. Arthur Hinlethi, '32, Ohio; Bernard Larsen, '33, North Dakota; John J. Pascault, '31, Vermont; John L. Sanders, '38, Alabama; Ernest A. Shepherd, '44, Florida; and John C. Smith, '38, Massachusetts. Members of the Executive Committee of the association are: president, H. David Archibald, '48, Ontario; first vice-president, J. George Streachman, '50, Alberta; second vice-president, Harry J. Walters, '56, Louisiana; secretary-treasurer, Dr. John R. Philip, California; member-at-large, Dr. J. Jay Brightman, New York; past president, Dudley P. Miller, Connecticut.

The Canadian Council on Alcoholism held its annual meeting following the N.A.A.A.P. conference.

The eleventh annual meeting of the N.A.A.A.P. will be held at the Banff School of Fine Arts, Banff, Alb., Canada, on September 25-30. The chairman of the program committee for the 1960 meeting is J. George Streachman, '50, executive director of the Alcoholism Foundation of Alberta, 9910 103d Street, Edmonton, Alb., Canada.

Harry J. Walters, '56, Baton Rouge, director of the Alcoholism Division of the State Department of Hospitals, is the editor of a newsletter published by the N.A.A.A.P. It is designed to provide a means of communication among governmental agencies and national health agencies.

Research and Activities at the Center

Problem Drinkers in Industry

A recently completed report on an industrial research project sponsored by the Yale Center of Alcohol Studies is entitled "Early Identification of Problem Drinkers in Industry." The study on which the report is based was conducted by Milton A. Maxwell, Ph.D., '30, professor of sociology at Washington State University, and was begun during his recent sabbatical year spent as senior research fellow at the Center.

The study was based on the experience of 406 male problem drinkers who had been employed in some business or industry during their problem drinking years and who were "recovered" or, in some cases, under treatment. Beginning with on-the-job, drinking-related data concerning their total problem drinking period, an attempt has been made to appraise the usefulness of certain on-the-job drinking signs for early identification of problem drinkers in a general employee population.

Laboratory Research

During the past year alcohol research in several directions have been in progress in the Laboratory of Applied Biodynamics. These investigations are in various stages of completion.

One project which has been in progress for almost a year deals with the effect of various levels of alcohol in the blood upon simple and complex reaction time. This effect of alcohol has important implications for a variety of total human performances. One performance in which its importance has been widely and popularly inferred is the operation of a motor vehicle. The actual experimental work in the past purporting to define this effect of alcohol has been incomplete and rather poorly designed and controlled. The current investigation was therefore carried out as part of an eventual experimental review leading to more accurate and sharper definition of the effects of various amounts of alcohol on the individual functions which together constitute total behavior.

Another study currently in progress deals with the effects of various amounts of alcohol on the intellectual processes involved in problem solving. In addition to providing information about effects of alcohol this research may produce data leading to clearer insight into the processes by which problem solving at different levels of complexity operates and solutions are achieved.

A third experimental study, presently in the stage of design and preliminary test, is concerned with the role of anxiety in efficiency of performance and the effect of various amounts of alcohol on this anxiety. It has not been an uncommon observation that with some tasks and under certain conditions efficiency of performance appears to improve with a small amount of alcohol. This phenomenon has been attributed by some to a stimulating action of the alcohol. More frequently, however, this effect has been explained by the hypothesis that the alcohol diminishes anxiety or some other inhibiting emotional state which itself reduces efficiency. The present study is intended to test these hypotheses and possibly provide some answers.

A fourth experimental investigation with animals is being conducted utilizing techniques of implanting electrodes in specific areas of the brain so that these areas may be stimulated and their activity measured. By means of such experimental procedures the effects of alcohol on certain kinds of learning and on various kinds of learned responses are being studied.

Presently engaged in these research projects are John A. Carpenter, Ph.D., John P. Flynn, Ph.D., Leon A. Greenberg, Ph.D., David Lester, Ph.D. and Marvin Wasman, M.A.

The Chronic Drunkenness Offender

The Compass Club, a halfway house for chronic drunkenness offenders operated by the Connecticut Commission on Alcoholism, is a useful setting for certain kinds of investigations. It has made possible two kinds of research, one in which emphasis is laid upon comparing long-term and short-term members, the other in which inquiry centers on essential features of the offender's way of life. While the first study is in the nature of applied research, the second is more basic in character. Each type of research contributes to the other.

Past research has already established that the membership career has an important bearing upon the length of time that graduates of the Compass Club can avoid a return to the Skid Row way of life. Short-term members, for example, return to that strange form of deviant social life much sooner than long-term members. Furthermore, some long-term members effect a permanent escape, others a temporary one.

Further research is needed to analyze the barriers to resocialization that both Skid Row and respectable society have erected. This requires a comparative study of long-term members who are similar in all respects except for their degree of success in surmounting these barriers. Such a study will focus upon the career of the successful graduate of the Compass Club.

The very existence of the halfway house is a social fact creating problems for basic research. Located in part of a mission, which is in itself an important Skid Row institution, the Compass Club becomes a laboratory for the study of culture conflict. Within and around the club it is possible to observe several different developments of this social "experiment." In the halfway house, men are exposed to the attractions...
and repulsions of both Skid Row and respectability. This setting therefore makes possible study of how the men respond to this conflict.

Future work is planned to follow the dictates of both basic and applied research. Three studies are being considered.

The first is a comparative study of careers of successful graduates. Of those who remain permanently sober, some affiliate with A.A., while others do not. Of those who return to excessive drinking, some do so because of the rebuffs of "normal" society, others because of the pull of Skid Row society. These are four different types of postgraduate careers whose study should lead to some conclusions about the social conditions of offender reform.

The second study concerns intensive analysis of the social organization of the halfway house. Since the "experiment" in culture conflict takes place there, it is possible to examine how the organization equips some men to deal with the conflict. The working hypothesis here is that organizations in which men have careers equip them to handle the conflicts that the organizations create. The halfway house is probably better equipped to help its members resolve conflicts about drinking than those arising from Skid Row ties.

The third study under consideration involves the interaction of "significant others" with offenders. The studies already described examine offenders at different stages of their careers. The second, for example, focuses on offenders inside the halfway house while the first studies them "on the outside." Analysis should also be made of contacts offenders have with other people both during halfway house membership and afterwards. This study would be an investigation of how important people, such as halfway house staff and members, friends and acquaintances, families and employers, deal with offenders during and after membership.

Raymond Byrne, '35, the first director of the Compass Club, retired on March 1, 1960. He has been succeeded by Runyon S. Baldwin, '58, T. Howard Straub, '59, is a counselor at the club.

This research on chronic drunkenness offenders is under the direction of Earl Rubington, Ph.D., lecturer in sociology at the Yale Center of Alcohol Studies.

Continuing Projects

RESEARCH is still in progress on three major studies reported in the last issue of the Alumni News.

A study of effects of alcohol on complex thinking processes and the social and psychological correlates of these effects and processes is nearing completion. Analysis of the data collected is being carried out and a report is in preparation. John A. Carpenter, Ph.D., Omar K. Moore, Ph.D., Charles R. Snyder, Ph.D. and Edith Lisansky, Ph.D. are the principal investigators.

Also nearing completion is a volume of sociological studies on drinking patterns and alcoholism. The work, which is to be published during the current year by John Wiley and Sons, is tentatively entitled Society, Culture and Drinking Patterns. Charles R. Snyder, Ph.D. and David J. Fireman, Ph.D. are the editors.

Further research has been carried out on a cross-cultural study of alcohol consumption with special emphasis on the relation between variations in drinking patterns and patterned variations in the early socialization of dependence and its modes of expression in adult life. Basic work in this investigation is expected to continue for some time. Presently engaged in this project are Irvin Child, Ph.D., Margaret Bacon, Ph.D., Charles R. Snyder, Ph.D. and Herbert Barry, Ph.D.

Staff Activities

Selden D. Bacon, Ph.D., director of the Summer School, is on sabbatical leave from Yale University for 1959-1960. He is head of the new Department of Behavioral Science at Lankenau Medical in Philadelphia. Associated with him are three alumni, Edward L. Duffy, '35, Arthur C. Hawkins, '59 and Seymour Warkow, '39. Professor Bacon will return to Yale for the 1960 Summer School of Alcohol Studies.

Charles R. Snyder, Ph.D., former assistant professor of sociology at Yale, who has lectured for several years at the School on cultural differences in alcohol consumption and alcoholism, has just accepted the position of professor of sociology at Southern Illinois University, Carbondale. His new position will entail graduate teaching, writing and continued research in the field of alcohol problems. Part of his time will be spent in bringing to completion the various studies in which he has been engaged at Yale during the past year. Doctor Snyder is well known for his work Alcohol and the Jews, published in 1958 by the Publications Division of the Yale Center of Alcohol Studies.

At the annual meeting of the American Psychological Association held in Cincinnati last September, Edith Lisansky, Ph.D., sponsored and chaired a symposium on the topic, "Current Approaches to Alcohol Studies and to Alcoholism." John A. Carpenter, Ph.D., psychologist on the staff of the Laboratory of Applied Biodynamics, and Cyril M. Frank, Ph.D., '58, director of psychology at the New Jersey Neuropsychiatric Institute, were among the panel members.

Doctor Lisansky, clinical psychologist at the Yale Center since 1945 and leader of the psychology seminar at the Summer School, is engaged in a postdoctoral training program at the West Haven Veterans Administration Hospital. This is a one-year appointment in the neuropsychiatric service.
ARIZONA

Fowler H. Cardwell, '51, Phoenix, is chairman of the Board of Trustees of Franklin Hospital for alcoholics. The hospital was recently declared tax exempt, retroactive to 1956. The major goals set up for accomplishment by 1963 are: (1) a permanent trust fund for grants and loans to individuals requesting aid; (2) a new facility, adjacent to a general hospital; (3) formation of a county citizens committee for the purpose of establishing information centers and clinics; (4) establishment of a speakers' bureau to educate the public on the problems of alcohol before proposing state legislation.

ARKANSAS

A seminar for clergymen was held in Little Rock on April 13-14, 1959. Alumni lecturing at the seminar were Allison C. Brown, '56, Little Rock; the Reverend Wayne Buchman, '58, Hot Springs; the Reverend Dr. Howard J. Gilman, '59, San Francisco; the Reverend Theodore P. Devlin, '56, Pine Bluff; and the Reverend William C. Howland, '59, Fort Smith.

Another clergy seminar will be held in Little Rock on May 2-3, 1960, according to the announcement from Allison C. Brown, '56, executive director of the Arkansas Commission on Alcoholism. One of the leaders of the seminar is the Reverend James T. Goldsby, '56, San Francisco, Calif. The Reverend Dr. Howard J. Gilman was to make this work on a long-range basis a permanent part of the educational program. They hope to extend this service to other disciplines as funds become available.

Charles M. Clark, '59, Little Rock, has been made field representative for the Arkansas Commission on Alcoholism.

Mail has been returned to us from Jennie Taylor, '49. If you know her present address, please send it to us.

CALIFORNIA

Granville P. Dornan, '56, San Francisco, is now in private practice doing psychiatric casework with alcoholics and their families. He also works with teenagers with drinking problems and acts as a consultant for a halfway house for alcoholics.

James W. Biscoe, '59, Berkeley, Calif., is a member of the department of motor vehicles, is secretary of the Governor's Traffic Safety Program. At the tenth annual traffic safety conference he received the award for outstanding achievement in traffic safety education.

The second annual Los Angeles community conference on alcoholism "City Enters the Hidden City" was held in September. Under discussion was the role of industry, labor, mass media and community agencies in combating alcoholism. Three hundred attended the conference.

Casa Serena, a convalescent residence for women alcoholics, has been opened by the Santa Barbara Committee on Alcoholism. The residence cares for 16 guests. The committee also operates New House, which has handled 1,000 men since 1955. Mildred H. Pinheiro, '36, is executive secretary of the committee.

Mary C. Clark, '56, secretary of the Monterey Peninsula Committee on Alcoholism, conducted a youth conference on October 28, a workshop for public health nurses, and "Alcoholism Sunday" held in conjunction with many church services. Service clubs have been having luncheon meetings at Bacon House, a halfway house for alcoholics, and obtaining firsthand information on how their contributions are spent.

Frances F. Fauria, '59, Los Angeles, is public health nurse at the Alcoholic Rehabilitation Clinic of the City Health Department.

Robert B. Flippin, '53, San Quentin Penitentiary parole officer and sponsor of the San Quentin A.A. group, was a featured speaker at the regional meeting of the Northern California Council of Alcoholics Anonymous, held in Redding on October 3, 1959.

Thelma Pierce Anderson and Alfred Anderson, '49, Los Altos, are semi-retired and have traveled more than 20,000 miles in the past 5 years. They write that they are much interested in the drinking patterns of the areas they visit and have observed a greater awareness of the hazards of
The following article is reprinted in abridged form from the journal of the North Carolina Alcoholic Rehabilitation Program, Inventory, Vol. 9, No. 3, pp. 22-25, September-October 1959.

The 30 North Carolinians attending the Yale Summer School of Alcohol Studies last July composed the largest contingent there. As a near 10 per cent of the student body of 300 from 19 states, 7 Canadian provinces and 3 foreign lands, they were to let alone the place. Everyone met Tarheels, and Tarheels met everybody. And everywhere they met the question, "Why are there so many of you?" The answer: "Because we have one of the finest state rehabilitation programs, with sufficient funds provided for scholarships to teach and train."

Most of the group were there on scholarship grants. Others were sent by their churches or other agencies, while a few paid their own way. They made an impression on Yale—and Yale made a deep impression on them. From the 47 lectures, the discussion groups and seminars, the hours of library reading, each came away with much that he could use, not only in the field of alcoholism but with human beings everywhere in conflict and stress.

They learned there were no pat answers to the problems of alcohol, but that these are all of a piece with the many vast human problems intensified in the tensions of today—the answers to be found only in the growth of human understanding.

How this understanding may be applied is now up to each one—the teachers, ministers, doctors, health and social service workers and others—including many members of Alcohols Anonymous, dedicated to service, both professional and volunteer.

Meeting and knowing all of these people, in the friendly informal atmosphere which prevailed, was an education and inspiration in itself.

* * *

Learning became a tough proposition at times for some of those who hadn't been to school in a long time. The course is concentrated and intensive, on a high academic level, put on by some of the foremost scientists and scholars in this and related fields. They tackled the subject from all directions—the sociological, physiological, psychological, historical, statistical. While most of the lecturers were Yale faculty members, involved with names familiar to all who read the literature on alcohol (Bacon, Keller, Jelinek, Greenberg, McCarthy, Snyder et al.) others were drawn from a half-dozen states.

They tipped aside old misconceptions (not always a painless process) to pour new knowledge into the void from seemingly inexhaustible reservoirs of information. Yet it was made plain that only the threshold of true knowledge has been attained in a subject as wide as civilization itself.

It was a rich adventure of mind and spirit—and if it is true that to learn one's own ignorance is the beginning of wisdom, then 30 Tarheels began to be wise, in that exciting month at New Haven. And wise they must be, for, the speakers assured them, they must assess for themselves all they have learned, relate it all together and come up with their own answers—forge their own weapons in the two-pronged attack on alcoholism: (1) getting at the roots of a great public health problem in the interest of prevention; and (2) working with individual fellow humans to alleviate their sufferings, one by one. These are vastly different challenges, to be met in very different ways.

The Tarheels came home hoping that more and more who are eligible for scholarship grants will use them, for the best weapons in both fights are more and more informed people.

The experience of Yale itself they agreed was one never to be forgotten. Amid the gray spires and ivied towers in the heart of colorful New Haven, the Summer School of Alcohol Studies has its own quiet corner—beautiful Silliman College, one of the 10 self-contained quadrangles where students live, work and play together.

Men students stayed in the handsome dormitories surrounding the green lawn, to which three great wrought-iron gates provide entrance. The women were in the modern women's graduate dorm, a half-block down elm-lined Hillhouse Avenue. Lectures, discussion group meetings, seminars and film showings were held in the auditorium of the majestic Sterling Law Building a block away.

At Silliman, the students lived a life of "togetherness" in the 5,000-volume library, lounge and cafeteria. The vast dining room with high millioned windows and richly paneled walls was the scene of many earnest discussions, over delicious meals and ever-flowing pots of coffee. You join what group you wish, take part in whatever conversation sounds interesting to you—or if you're in a "drinking" mood and don't wish to talk, that's all right, too. The Tarheels spread out into every group, meeting a welcome everywhere. They got together only at three prearranged meals, also for a special meeting with George H. Adams, Jr., 55, A.R.P. educational director, when he came up from Raleigh during the final week.

On weekends, they took off in every direction—to see the Shakespeare plays at Stratford or visit other summer theaters nearby, to hear the Boston Symphony at Tanglewood, to the beaches or New York. However, most spare time, including the weekends, found many in the library, studying, browsing—learning as much as possible in the allotted time, which soon grew all too short.
the group were Judge Ray Harrison, '45, of Des Moines, Iowa, and Judge John M. Murtagh, '53, of New York City.

Alumni speakers at the Rocky Mountain Regional Conference for Municipal Judges at Colorado Springs were Carl L. Anderson, '59, Washington, D.C.; Judge Ray Harrison; From McCambridge and Judge John Murtagh.

Mail has been returned to us from Margaret Hilligoss, '32, social worker. If you know her present address, please send it to us.

CONNECTICUT

A "Northeast States Conference on Alcoholism" was held in New Haven on May 18-20, 1959, Six New England states as well as New York, New Jersey, Delaware and Pennsylvania sent four representatives. The conference was sponsored by the National Institute of Mental Health, the Connecticut Commission on Alcoholism and the Connecticut Department of Mental Health. Selden B. Bacon, director of the School, made the opening address and set the theme of the meeting. Alumni participating as speakers or consultants were: Carl L. Anderson, '39, Baltimore, Md.; Raymond Byrne, '35, New Haven; R. Margaret Cork, '32, Boston, Mass.; Bernard Clifford, '35, Brooklyn, N.Y.; Harold W. Demone, Jr., '35, Boston, Mass.; Max P. Good, '34, Augusta, Maine; Oron A. Kirkby, '37, Portland, Maine; Raymond G. McCarthy, '43, New Haven; John C. Smith, '39, Cambridge, Mass.; Dr. Paul H. Severson, '30, Baltimore, Md.; and Joseph P. Verdeny, '31, Burlington, Vt.

The first ministers' conference on the "Problems of Alcohol" was held at Hartford Theological Seminary on October 20, Professor Leon A. Greenberg of the Yale Center of Alcohol Studies addressed the group on "Alcohol and Human Behavior." The conference was sponsored by the Blue Hills Clinic, the Connecticut Safety Commission, Hartford Seminary, the Yale Center of Alcohol Studies, the Yale Divinity School and the boards of Christian social relations of the Baptist, Congregational, Lutheran, Methodist and Presbyterian churches. Alumni speakers were Charles Riedtye, '34, Waterbury; Professor Paul W. Strodder, '48, Falls Village and H. Leon Yager, '48, Hartford. The conference had a two-fold purpose: to permit ministers to discuss the problems of persons who are troubled about the use of alcohol and seek counsel from their clergymen, and to enable ministers to learn more effective methods for counseling the alcoholic and his family.

Raymond G. McCarthy, '43, New Haven, was the leader of an institute on "Work With the Alcoholic Parent" held during a conference of the Child Welfare League of America on November 5-7 in Hartford. Joan T. Augustine, '48, West Haven, is school nurse and health instructor at Eli Whitney Regional Technical School in Hamden where she teaches facts about alcohol and alcoholism.

Evelyn A. Stutner, '39, assistant director of nursing services at Grace-New Haven Community Hospital, and T. Howard Stratton, '39, counselor of the Compass Club in New Haven, spoke to the Executive Board of the Connecticut Nurses Association on November 11. 1959. Joseph N. Compbell, '36, detective in the Hamden Police Department, was the subject of a feature story on the "New Haven Register" on October 18, 1959. He is the last veteran left in Connecticut studying under the G.I. Bill of World War II. The Register said, "One of the educational credits of which he is especially proud were the ones earned at the Summer School of Alcohol Studies at Yale University. He was given a leave of absence by the Police Department to attend the School."

Raymond Byrne, '55, Hamden, has resigned as director of the Compass Club, a facility of the Connecticut Commission on Alcoholism in New Haven. He and his wife, Gertrude H. Byrne, '34, will retire to Canton, Maine, after March 1, 1960. Runyon S. Baldwin, '58, Cheshire, has been appointed the new director.

Jaut L. Roberts, '37, New Haven, is conducting a research project among tuberculosis patients at Laurel Heights Hospital that will explore the connection between tuberculosis and alcoholism. The program is being financed by Christmas Seal funds.

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the present addresses of any that you know: Charles D. Darie, '47, State Department of Education; Sarah Faulconer, '44; Francis P. Rohrman, '44, lawyer.

ILLINOIS

Three alumni of the School are working in the new outpatient counseling center and clinic at the Salvation Army Harbor Light Center at 654 West Madison St., Chicago: Maj. Roland Quinn, '49, commanding officer; Frank R. Stivers, '37, director of special services; and Robert D. Lane, '37, representing the State Division of Alcoholism. There are 5 full-time and 10 part-time staff members. There is also an advisory council of 12 professional people representing the community at large.

The Reverend James E. Rentz, '48, Elgin, is now director of the Social Welfare Department of the Church of the Brethren. This department includes in its activities work in the area of the problems of alcohol and rehabilitation of the alcoholic. Mr. Rentz was recently elected vice-chairman of the Committee on Alcohol Problems of the Department of Social Welfare of the National Council of Churches. He is also secretary of the Interdenominational Committee on Alcohol Problems and teaches a course on Alcoholism at Bethany Biblical Seminary.

Three 1959 alumni presented a program entitled "A Positive Approach to Tuberculosis Alcoholic and His Problems" at the Mississippi Valley Conference on Tuberculosis in Springfield on October 10, 1959. They are Leonard H. Heise, rehabilitation director, The Tuberculosis Institute of Chicago and Cook County, Chicago; William R. Langauer, rehabilitation consultant, Illinois Tuberculosis Association, Springfield; and Ralph W. Simmons, director, Rehabilitation Division, National Tuberculosis Association, New York. The program emphasized that definite action could be taken through the physiological, sociological and psychological approaches. Each of the above mentioned individuals presented one phase of the program while Mr. Alfred Slicer, chief of the Division of Alcoholism, Illinois Department of Public Welfare, Chicago, described state programs and in summary outlined how the various approaches to the problem could be combined in an extremely practical program for even the smallest tuberculosis association.

Herbert H. Parish, '41, Chicago, national executive of Temperance Education, Inc., conducts a weekly radio broadcast and additional specific programs. Mr. Parish is editor of Temperance Education News and sponsors temperance sermon contests in theological seminaries. He has spoken this year at a seminar sponsored by the Church Federation of Greater Chicago, at an institute at the University of Utah, at the College of Medical Evangelists in California and at the American University in Washington, D.C.

A Midwest seminar on alcoholism for pastors was held on January 19-20, 1960 in Dwight. The seminar was sponsored by the pastors of Dwight, the Keesey Institute and the Division of Alcoholism of the State Department of Public Welfare. Alumni participating were Sgt. Joseph R. Matzicka, '38, Milwaukee, court advisor and prosecuting officer, and the Reverend David A. Works, '31, of North Conway, N. H.

FLORIDA

A Conference on "Industry and Alcoholism" was held in Pensacola on July 16, 1959. Participating companies and agencies were Chemstrand Corporation, Columbia National Corporation, Escambia Chemical Corporation, Gulf Power Corporation, St. Regis Paper Company and the Florida Alcoholic Rehabilitation Program. Charles Riedtye, '44, Waterbury, Conn., and Ernest A. Shepherd, '44, Avon Park, were featured speakers.

Aubrey Abbott, '48, Fort Myers, is on the speakers staff at the Florida Alcoholic Rehabilitation Program. He recently helped to organize new A.A. groups in Fort Myers and Lehigh Acres.

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the present addresses of any that you know: Manasse I. Bannerman, '48, Y.M.C.A.; Louise Calvert, '45, State Department of Education; Christine Christie, '58, clinical psychologist; the Reverend A. Waldo Parbee, '48, Methodist Church; the Revered Jasper Jones, '45, Methodist Church; the Reverend Charles C. King, '31, Presbyterian Church; Nancy B. Shea, '46, writer; Dave C. Tracy, '38, Robert M. Tracy, '48.

GEORGIA

Clarence A. Griffin, '39, Decatur, a senior law student at Woodrow Wilson College of Law, Atlanta, reports that on more than one occasion he has used his School notes for case presentation where alcohol is involved. Mr. Griffin is assistant state director of the United States Brewers Foundation, Inc., the public relations arm of the brewing industry.

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the present addresses of any you know: Marianne W. Foley, '38; Barbara D. Jones, '53, social worker; the Reverend William R. Sisson, '47, Methodist Church; Vlad S. Sullivan, '51.
Mrelude has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the present addresses of any that you know: The Reverend Henry C. Hoover, '44, United Church of Christ; Maude T. Jackson, '43, temp-erance worker; Charles S. Jeason, '44; Dan C. Lottie, '51; social worker; Roland St. Pierre, '49, Licensed Beverage Industries; Robert C. Schulte, '49, Licensed Beverage Industries.

INDIANA

A workshop on “Problems of Alcoholism and Alcohol Education,” sponsored by the Indiana Section on Alcoholism and Indiana University, was held on June 8–12, 1959. Alumni speakers were Dean L. Barnhart, '54, Indianapolis; Ralph W. Daniel, '52, Lansing; Dr. Fred E. Lawrence, '54, Indianapolis; Alfred R. Lindesmith, Jr., '58, Bloomington; Raymond G. McCarthy, '43, New Haven, Conn.; J. Ann Purpura, '58, Indianapolis; John F. Roatch, '57, Indianapolis and Robert Strauss, formerly at the Yale Center of Alcohol Studies and now at the University of Kentucky Medical School.

John F. Roatch, '57, who was for 3 years chief psychiatric social worker at the Indiana Section on Alcoholism, resigned on September 14, 1959 to accept a social service position in the National Institute of Health, United States Public Health Service.

The office of the Section on Alcoholism at 145 West Washington Street, Indianapolis, is also operated at the same address. Alumni members of the staff include Dr. Fred E. Lawrence, '54, director; Dean L. Barnhart, '44, director of education; Madge B. Harding, '57, administrative assistant; Leo C. McKinsey, '57, coordinator, Indiana State Farm; Laurence P. Smith, '57, coordinator, Logansport State Hospital; and J. Ann Purpura, '58, psychiatric social worker.

The first research expenditure by the Indiana Section on Alcoholism, was a grant of $800 for a study to determine effects of combinations of tranquilizing drugs and alcohol. The study is now almost complete, according to an announcement by Dr. Fred E. Lawrence. Experiments are being conducted in the Department of Pharmacology, Indiana University Medical Center. The project involves development of techniques by which anxiety reduction, discrimination in choice and ability to respond to painful stimuli may be measured.

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the present addresses of any that you know: the Reverend Arnim H. Francke, '48, Moravian Church; the Reverend William R. Lewis, '46, Disciples of Christ; F. Paul Peters, '47, chiropractor; Walter L. Riddle, '48, student; Wayne A. Stanton, '53, Indiana Department of Correction.

MASSACHUSETTS

Harold W. Demone, Jr., '55, Boston, is president of the Professional Association on Alcoholism. Four meetings are scheduled in the Boston area for 1959-1960.

Mary Warner Fisher, '56, formerly of New Haven, Conn., is now a caseworker with the Boston Metropolitan Chapter of the American Red Cross.

Joseph Kaplan, '47, Boston, long-time member of the board of the Boston Committee on Alcoholism, is chairman of the New England Committee for the National Jewish Hospital at Denver, Colo.

Robert Thornton, '59, Westfield, has been appointed to the Mayor’s Commission on Alcoholism for the city of Springfield. The commission hopes to establish a halfway house for alcoholics in the near future.

Joseph R. Eld, '58, employee service manager of the Wyman-Gordon Company in Worcester, writes that the company has now a formal procedure written into the employee manual for the handling of employees with an alcohol problem. He says, “We have been very successful with cases that otherwise would have ended in disorder, now that we have a more complete understanding and have trained our foremen to act with intelligence when a situation arises in the departments. We can never thank you enough for giving us the foundation for this wonderful program.”

Audrey Hinsey, '57, South Walpole, is now director of the alcoholism program at Medfield State Hospital in Harding.

S. Sgt. Charles B. Fay, '58, is in charge of the Alcohol Control and Prevention Program at Western Air Force Base. Sergeant Fay gives lectures, counsels, and leads the Fellowship Club at the base.

The Worcester Committee on Alcoholism held its annual conference on alcoholism on April 22, 1959. Alumni on the program were Frederick E. Coo, '56, Worcester; Harold W. Demone, Jr., '55, Boston; Nori M. Donoghue, '58, Worcester; Joseph R. Eld, '58, Worcester; Francis S. Holins, '49, Worcester; Charles Ricduryke, '54, Waterbury, Conn.; Marian J. Wettick, '47, Hartford.

A conference for public health nurses on the “Family-Centered Approach to the Control of Alcoholism” met at Chatham on May 26–28, 1959. The conference was sponsored by the Commissioner on Alcoholism, Harold G. McCarthy, '43, New Haven, Conn.; the Reverend Leonard L. Morgan, Jr., '38, Lexington; J. Collis Ringo, '37, Lexington; Professor Robert Strauss of the University of Kentucky Medical School, formerly on the staff of the Yale Center of Alcohol Studies.

Mail has been returned to us from Merle Hagemyer Litchfield, '43. If you know her present address, please send it to us.

MARYLAND

Eileen H. Troop, '59, Rockville, chief of the Division of Nursing Service of the Montgomery County Health Department, reports that a group of Marylanders who attended the 1959 School have had two meetings with the County's Council, advocating the need for a separate Division of Mental Health. They canvassed alumni of previous years and have set up a speakers bureau. Mrs. Troop has been on a panel discussing the problems of alcohol in the County Health Department and has spoken to groups of graduate nurses at the University of Maryland School of Nursing.

The Reverend Charles J. Harte, '36, Baltimore, is on the speakers bureau of the Maryland State Department of Health. Various Alcoholics Anonymous groups meet in his church.

William L. Clapp, '58, Hagerstown, is chairman of the Washington County Committee on Alcoholism.

The Baltimore Council of Social Agencies sponsored a 1-day conference to consider the services and needs for medical care of alcoholics in the Baltimore area. Seventy-five physicians, nurses, hospital administrators, social workers, clergymen, lawyers and magistrates attended. Julia Freund, '55, Baltimore, a public relations consultant in mental health was a member of the planning committee.

Under the auspices of the State Health Department Dr. Fernando J. Cabrera, '59, Baltimore, has developed the first state inpatient program for rehabilitation of alcoholics in Maryland.

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the addresses of any that you know: Dr. Tanush H. Attygalle, '55, psychiatrist; Joseph M. Fazekas, '56, caseworker; Joan M. Doniger, '50, occupational therapist at the Reverend Francis J. O'Conner, '52, Roman Catholic Church; Alma Falls Woodward, '45.
alcohol instruction. Participants were from Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota and South Dakota. Alumni on the faculty were William F. Ferguson, '54, New York City; W. Kenneth Ferrier, '48, Portland, Oreg.; Raymond G. McCarthy, '43, New Haven, Conn.; and John J. Piscatelli, '51, Montpelier, Vt.

Mail has been returned to us from the Reverend O. E. Sanden, '43, Baptist Church. If you know his present address, please send it to us.

MICHIGAN

The Midwest Institute on Alcohol Studies, sponsored by the University of Wisconsin, the Wisconsin Council on Alcoholism, the Western University of Michigan and the Michigan State Board of Alcoholism was held in Kalamazoo on June 21-26, 1959. Alumni on the staff were: H. David Archibald, '48, Toronto, Ont.; Ralph W. Daniel, '52, Lansing; Dorothy L. Dulan, '58, Chicago, Ill.; the Reverend Walter A. Geske, '46, Howell; William L. Koton, '52, Flint; Mark R. Kilp, '51, Madison, Wis.; Margaret S. Large, '56, Kalamazoo; John L. Miller, '51, Madison, Wis.; George G. Nimmo, '55, Lansing; William Oldigs, '45, Madison, Wis.; Dr. Melvin L. Slatzer, '55, Ann Arbor. This year's institute will be held at the University of Wisconsin in Madison on June 13-17, 1960. For information write to Professor John L. Miller, Room 206, Extension Building, University of Wisconsin, Madison.

H. Austin Ripley, '44, Lake Orion, is director of Guest House Sanatorium for Alcoholics, established with the permission of His Eminence Edward Cardinal Mooney, Archbishop of Detroit.

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the addresses of any that you know: Olive J. Card, '46, social worker; James D. Dotsch, '43, State Liquor Control Board; Mary Ann Kenner Dupont, '30, Allied Youth; Robert L. Poist, '53, epidemiologist; Adella M. Langill, '45, Y.W.C.A.

MINNESOTA

The Reverend Philip T. C. Blackburn, '57, St. Paul, during the past year gave a series of lectures in St. Paul, conducted a workshop in Duluth for the mental health clinic there, sponsored a 2-day retreat for North Dakota members of Alcoholics Anonymous, led a workshop in New Ulm for the Methodist Christian Social Relations Committee and conducted a class at Shattuck School in Faribault on the problems of alcohol. Mr. Blackburn also chose the problem of drinking for the Episcopal Church and an institutional chaplain at the Minneapolis Workhouse.

Daniel J. Anderson, '34, Willmar, clinical psychologist at Willmar State Hospital conducted a workshop on "Pastoral Counseling on Problems of Alcohol" at Austin on January 27, 1959. The workshop was sponsored by the State Department of Mental Health.

Mary E. Headsten, '57, Moose Lake, was married in 1958 and is now Mrs. Kenneth Deming, Sandstone State Hospital, where she is a social worker, has been turned into a federal prison, and the alcoholic treatment center transferred to Moose Lake State Hospital. Dr. William I. Davis, '58, and Mrs. Deming transferred to the new facility. She says the treatment program is essentially the same, but Moose Lake is a much larger psychiatric hospital. William D. McKenna, '36, is also on the staff and in addition is starting an A.A. group at Sandstone. Mr. McKenna was appointed a member of the State Advisory Board on the Problems of Alcohol. His term runs until 1966. Patrick Butler, '51, St. Paul, is chairman of the board.

The Reverend James F. Geraghty, '57, Lindstrom, continues to serve as counselor to patients at Hazelden where he has counseled more than 600 alcoholics. He gives a formal talk each month on the importance and technique of the Fifth Step in the Alcoholics Anonymous program.

A workshop to study alcohol education in public schools, financed by a grant from the National Institute of Mental Health, was held on May 21-27 at the University of Minnesota. The workshop provided an opportunity for personnel in the fields of education and public health to plan

MISSISSIPPI

The Mississippi State Board of Health and the University of Mississippi sponsored a conference on Community Resources for Rehabilitating the Alcoholic on April 8-10, 1959. The conference was supported by a grant from the National Institute of Mental Health. Attendance was by invitation. Selden D. Bacon, director of the School, was a featured speaker. Alumni lecturers were Vashie Ishee Cain, '45, Jackson; Yvelin Gardner, '48, New York City; Dr. David S. Pankratz, '56, Jackson; and Dr. Roland E. Toins, '59, Jackson.

Mississippi Conference on Social Welfare held a panel discussion on alcoholism in Jackson on April 2. Alumni on the panel were Ruth T. Breen; Vashie Ishee Cain; the Reverend James S. Courey, '55, Jackson; and Dr. Roland E. Toins. The same group of panelists appeared at a convention of Mississippi law enforcement officers on April 16. A discussion period followed both sessions.

A resolution endorsing the 18-point program recommended by the American Medical Association's Committee on Alcoholism was passed unanimously by the State Medical Association. The resolution was drafted by Dr. Robert E. Toins.

Professor Elbert S. Wallace, '30, Jackson, talked on "Alcoholism and the Community" at the Hinds County Association for Mental Health on May 13.

Walter Washington, '53, is now president of Utica Junior College.

Mail has been returned to us from the Reverend N. S. Jackson, '43, Baptist Church. If you know his present address, please send it to us.

The 3,001st Student

HAZEL A. WARD of Hamilton, Ontario, is the 3,001st student to attend the Yale Summer School of Alcohol Studies. On July 14 during the 1959 School Miss Ward, a nursing instructor, was called to the platform in the auditorium and presented with volumes of works by Summer School staff members published by the Publications Division of the Center of Alcohol Studies.

Miss Ward attended the University of Toronto and received her Master of Arts degree from Teachers College, Columbia University. She is presently instructor in nursing at McMaster University.

In the past, similar awards have been made to the Reverend Wayne W. Womer, D.D., executive director of the Virginia Church Temperance Council, who was the first student to register in the School in 1943; to William W. Smith, counselor, Rhode Island State Division of Alcoholism, the 1,001st student, in 1949; and to Saul R. Rorman, chief of the Clinical Psychology Service, Veterans Administration Hospital, Sunnmount, N.Y., the 2,001st student, in 1955.

Hazel A. Ward, '59
MISSOURI

The Reverend Edward F. Eggert, '56, formerly of St. Louis, is now Protestant chaplain at Robert Koch Hospital in Koch, a city hospital for tubercular patients.

Dr. Paul H. Stevenson, '56, formerly director of the Community Services Branch of the National Institute of Mental Health, has retired. His new home is 735 South Skinker Boulevard, St. Louis 5, Mo.

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the present addresses of any that you know: Opal C. House, '48, nurse; John K. Keisie, '45, social worker; William H. Larrimer, '52, public health worker; James D. Witches, '45, Tavern Owners Association.

MONTANA

Arthur J. Baker, '39, Warm Springs is director of the treatment program at the State Hospital, a member of the State Advisory Committee on Narcotics and Alcoholism and chairman of the Subcommission on Treatment and Legislation.

The Reverend Thomas O. Sargent, '38, Anaconda, is a member of the State Advisory Committee on Narcotics and Alcoholism and a member of the treatment program at the State Hospital.

Walter S. Cutter, '49, Missoula, is chairman of the Missoula Citizens Committee on Alcoholism and representative to the Advisory Commission on Alcoholism in the State Board of Health. Mr. Cutter is also working toward his M.A. in sociology at the University of Montana.

All three men have been addressing many community groups throughout the state on the need for community interest in alcohol problems leading eventually to a state program on alcoholism.

Mail has been returned to us from John H. Kelly, '48, railroad worker. If you know his present address, please send it to us.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

The fifth annual North Conway Institute was held on June 15-19, 1959. The theme this year was "Pastoral Care of Alcoholics and Their Families." About 30 clergymen of all denominations were in attendance. Alumni participating were the Reverend Yvind Gardner, '48, New York City; the Reverend Raymond J. H. Kennedy, S.J., '53, Syracuse, N. Y.; Camille Lambert, Jr., '53, Lowell, Mass.; Raymond G. McCarthy, '43, New Haven, Conn.; and the Reverend J. Robert Regan, Jr., '38, Washington, D. C.; and the Reverend David A. Works, '51, North Conway.

The ninth annual North Conway Foundation Conference was held at the Eastern Slope Inn on September 29-30. Prof. Leon A. Greenberg, director of the Yale Laboratory of Applied Biodynamics, was the principal speaker. Alumni participating were Lou Athanis, '57, Lacothea; the Reverend John D. Buban, Jr., '53, Waterville, Maine; Esther W. Henderson, '47, New Haven, Conn.; Elizabeth K. Lindeke, '59, Meredith, the Reverend David A. Works, '51, North Conway.

George G. Nimm, '55, has been appointed executive director of the Division on Alcoholism of the State Health Department, effective January 1, 1960. Mr. Nimm has been educational director of the Michigan State Board of Alcoholism for the past 3 years. Camille Lambert, Jr., '53, former director of the division, is doing graduate work at the School of Public Health at Brandeis University.

Mail has been returned to us from Murid T. LeBlanc, '51, nurse. If you know her present address, please send it to us.

NEW JERSEY

Henry T. Tesch, '32, Point Pleasant Baro, conducts weekly group and individual therapy sessions at the Glen Gardner Tuberculosis Sanatorium. Mr. Tesch is field representative of the State Alcoholism Control Program.

Cyril M. Frank, '38, Colonia, director of the psychology department of New Jersey Neuro-Psychiatric Institute, has received a $25,000 grant from the National Institute of Mental Health to study alcoholism in the United States.

A conference on "Alcoholism as a Mental Health Problem to Labor and Management" was held at Princeton on April 29-May 1, 1959. The conference was sponsored by the United States Public Health Service, the New Jersey Department of Health, the New Jersey Department of Institutions and the New Jersey Department of Labor and Industry. Alumni lecturers were Dr. Robert S. Alahbay, '59, Princeton; John R. Butler, '53, Trenton; Florence B. Fiori, '55, Clifton; Joan Gulminartin.
Honors for Dr. E. M. Jellinek at Seventy

T

HIS year, 1960, Dr. E. M. Jellinek, founder of the Yale Summer School of Alcohol Studies and its director during 1943-1949, will be seventy. In honor of this event, the current volume of the Quarterly Journal of Studies on Alcohol will be designated as the Jellinek Jubilee Volume. The March issue will feature a frontispiece portrait of Doctor Jellinek as well as an editorial sketch of his contributions toward the scientific and humanistic advances in the field of alcohol problems during the past two decades. In addition, each issue of the Jubilee Volume will reprint one or more Jellinek articles of particular significance and interest.

At the Fifteenth Anniversary Dinner of the National Council on Alcoholism, held at the Waldorf-Astoria on October 1, 1959, Doctor Jellinek was given a Gold Key Award for his pioneering efforts in this field. Among the 500 present at the dinner were 6 staff members of the School: Selma B. Shapira, Virginia E. Elliott, Mary A. Greenberg, Esther W. Henderson, Mark Kelley, and Raymond G. McCarthy. Alumni who attended included Terrance J. Boyle, 30, New York City; Catherine D. Brown, 47, Houston, Tex.; Arthur H. Cain, 52, Brooklyn, N.Y.; Gerry O. Deane, 52, East Orange, N.J.; Ellis T. Demars, 50, Salt Lake City, Utah; Christie C. Doyle, 46, Boston, Mass.; John J. Dunne, 50, New York City; William L. Ferguson, 54, Stamford, Conn.; Yvelin Gardner, 48, New York City; Ida Gelber, 39, Brooklyn, N.Y.; Alice T. Goodloe, 54, New York City; Lt. Col. Frank Guldenshuh, 45, Mount Vernon, N.Y.; Francis S. Holmes, 49, Worcester, Mass.; Arthur V. Linden, 56, New York City; Harry Mann, 44, New York City; William J. Plunkett, 58, New York City; Miriam S. Proctor, 59, New York City; Cathleen C. Richardson, 58, New York City; Frances A. Robertson, 54, Houston, Tex.; Eleanor L. Schaffer, 54, Bethlehem, Pa.; R. Brinkley Smithers, 56, New York City; Dr. Paul H. Stevenson, 50, Baltimore, Md.; Elizabeth M. Thurn, 54, Bethlehem, Pa.; and Elizabeth Whitney, 43, Boston, Mass.

Doctor Jellinek, now Honorary Professor of Psychiatry at the University of Alberta in Edmonton, is engaged in teaching and developing training courses in alcoholism for both graduate physicians and undergraduates at the Medical School of that university. He is also serving as research consultant to the Alcoholism Foundation of Alberta and the Alcoholism Research Foundation of Ontario. He is scheduled to lecture at the Yale Summer School this year during the fourth week of the regular session. His recently completed book, The Disease Concept of Alcoholism, is now in press.

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the present addresses of any that you know: Pearl Celechek, 54, social worker; William F. Corgel, 44, parole officer; Betsy Badwell Duncum, 50, licensed beverage industries; Robert W. Entwhistle, 55; William H. Greenberg, 49, beverage industry; Carrie E. Hall, 53, nurse; Robert L. Ignaszak, 52, caseworker; the Reverend Leland Johnson, 50, Baptist Church; Zenn D. Lipton, 46, beverage industry; Rhoda Long, 44, student; Bernard M. McAuliffe, 44, social worker; Margarette McDaniel, 50, news analyst; George E. Moseley, 46, beverage industry; Barbara Phillips, 44, social worker; Avis Beauchamp Robin, 52, nurse; the Reverend Walter T. Racle, 44, Methodist Church; Sara Twiggs Ryan, 47, social worker; John O. Shoemaker, 49, engineer; Louis L. Shoemaker, 49; Dr. Julian H. Y. Shu, 49, physician; Helen Sprackling, 45, librarian; Gertrude C. Yorke, 44, caseworker.

NORTH CAROLINA

The North Carolina Alcoholic Rehabilitation Program held its summer sessions on "Facts About Alcohol!" at North Carolina College and at East Carolina College for the fifth consecutive year. Lecturers included George H. Adams, Jr., 55, the educational director of the program, and Norbert L. Kelly, 53, executive director of the program.

There are now nine local programs on alcoholism in the state. Several North Carolina alumni are staff members on these programs. The Reverend Joseph L. Kelleman, 53, is director of the Charlotte Council on Alcoholism and William L. Hales, 58, is its associate director. Worth Williams, 53, is executive secretary of the Educational Division, Alcoholic Beverage Control Board and executive director of the Greensboro Council on Alcoholism. Anne Wall, 59, Reidsville, is executive secretary of the Rockingham County Council on Alcoholism. Other committees are located in Durham, Henderson, Newton, Southern Pines and Winston-Salem. In addition, alcohol treatment services are provided by six mental hygiene clinics located in Asheville, Raleigh, Chapel Hill, Charlotte, Winston-Salem and Fayetteville.

Thus magazine, May 11, 1959, devoted an article to a speech made by Dr. John A. Ewing, 52, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, at an annual meeting of the American Psychiatric Association in Pittsburgh. It concerned the characteristics of the spouses of alcoholics.

The Asheville committee has organized an Aalteen group, the first in the state and one of the first in the country. William J. McIvor, 58, sponsored the program.

Alcoholism Education Week was observed in Greensboro on May 4-8, 1959. Sponsors were the Greensboro Council on Alcoholism and the Greensboro Alcoholic Beverage Control Board. Alumni participants were George H. Adams, Jr.; the Reverend Joseph M. Garrison, 55, Greensboro; Doris Hutchison, 56, Greensboro; Norbert L. Kelly; Raymond G. McCarthy, 43, New Haven, Conn.; and Ernest A. Shepherd, 44, Avon Park, Fla.

Annie Ray Moore, 50, Raleigh, is working for 2 years with the World Health Organization in New Delhi, India.

A meeting of all personnel and staff members of the various information centers in North Carolina was held in Chapel Hill on September 28-29. Norbert L. Kelly was the chairman. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss mutual problems encountered by information center workers. It was voted to organize a state association of information center workers.

One of the pamphlets issued by the North Carolina Alcoholic Rehabilitation Program is authored by several alumni. The pamphlet is entitled Alcoholics are God's Children Too; a Guide to Understanding for the Clergyman. Chapters contributed by alumni are: "The response of religion to alcoholism" by the Reverend Ernest A. Shepherd, 44, Avon Park, Fla., administrator of the Florida Alcoholic Rehabilitation Program; "Pastoral counseling and the family of the alcoholic" by the Reverend Joseph L. Kelleman; "Work with youth in relation to alcohol" by the Reverend Roland W. Rainwater, 52; and "An evaluation" by Norbert L. Kelly.

Anne L. Wall has been speaking before various groups since she returned from Yale. Among the organizations she has addressed are the Ruffin Kiwanis Club, the Rockingham Country Schoolmasters Association, the Reidsville Rotary Club, Civitans and the Secretaries Association.

Helen C. Booth, 55, Greensboro, spoke to the Reidsville Committee on September 17. She is executive director of the Keeley Institute.

An institute on alcoholism, sponsored by the Committee on Alcoholism of the North Carolina Council of Churches and the Burke County Ministerial Association was held in Morganton on September 23, 1959. Alumni participating were George H. Adams, Jr.; the Reverend Roy B. Barham, 54, Bumby, and Dr. Edward E. Low, 58, Chapel Hill. Gardner-Webb College at Boiling Springs was the meeting place of a
New Cooperative Commission on Alcoholism

Growing public and governmental recognition of the importance of alcoholism as a problem of public health is indicated by the establishment of a new Cooperative Commission on the Study of Alcoholism, supported by a $1,100,000 U.S. Government grant, that will undertake a coordinated study of alcoholism in the United States and Canada. The grant was made by the National Institute of Mental Health of the U.S. Public Health Service to the North American Association of Alcoholism Programs, which includes representatives of virtually all state and provincial alcoholism programs. The purpose of the commission is to review the whole state of knowledge in the field, to look intensively at what is being done in treatment, education and research, and to make recommendations for future progress over the next 20 years or so. The work of the commission will extend over a 5-year period and involve some of the best scientific and administrative and organizational brains in both countries. It will be led by a scientific director, yet to be named, who will in turn be responsible to a 25-man body of eminent scientists and laymen.

Although the commission will be an independent body, most of its operations will be centered in a major American university. In addition, "task forces," which will deal with various aspects of the problem, may be located at any suitable place in the United States or Canada. Funds in addition to the original grant may be sought by institutions or bodies whose work can be integrated with that of the commission or whose help would be useful to it.

The task of the commission has been stated in the widest possible terms so that no important aspect of anything that contributes to alcoholism or problem drinking will be neglected. At the same time, however, its purpose has been outlined with sufficient firmness and clarity so that the major questions that the commission is to study during the 5 years are already well indicated. Scientific knowledge of alcoholism as a disease and as a social problem will be examined and reevaluated.

The whole structure of organizations that deal with alcoholism or bear upon it in any way will be brought under fresh study. Existing institutions for dealing with alcoholics, lobbies of all kinds surrounding the use of alcohol, the temperance movement, sales programs, law enforcement methods, courts, and health, welfare and educational agencies will be systematically looked at, both to discover how we have come to the present state and to seek for better ways of dealing with the problem.

Members of the new Cooperative Commission will be appointed by an interim commission which is already in existence under the chairmanship of H. David Archibald,'48. Other members of the interim commission are: Dr. Nathan Cohen, Western Reserve University; Dr. Harold E. Hinwich, Galesburg (III.) State Research Hospital; Professor Herbert H. Hyman, Columbia University; Dr. E. M. Jellinek, University of Alberta; Mark Keller, Quarterly Journal of Studies on Alcohol; Dr. Audie L. Krusen, University of California; Dr. Abraham Lilienfeld, Johns Hopkins University; Dr. Theodore Newcomb, University of Michigan; Dr. Lloyd E. Ohlin, Columbia University; Dr. Benjamin D. Paul, Harvard School of Public Health; Dr. John R. Philip, California State Department of Public Health; Dr. J. H. Quastel, McGill University; John R. Secely, Alcoholism Research Foundation, Ontario; Dr. Benson Snyder, Massachusetts Institute of Technology; and Dr. Robert Straus, University of Kentucky.

The new commission will consist of scientists who are already knowledgeable in the field of alcoholism and of those knowledgeable in parallel problems, as well as eminent representatives of the public. It is hoped that the findings of the commission, both while its work is going on and, most particularly, when it is finished and published, will profoundly affect the work of those in the field as well as government policies in all relevant departments in both countries.

H. DAVID ARCHIBALD, '48

Second institute for clergymen held on October 29, 1959. Alumni participating were the Reverend Roy B. Barham and the Reverend Joseph E. Kellermann.

The Reverend George C. Megill, '58, formerly of Hamlet, is now minister of St. Luke's Methodist Church in Goldsboro.

Judge Mason P. Thomas, Jr., '59, Raleigh, has been appointed judge of the Wake County Domestic Relations and Juvenile Court, where he finds an opportunity to use some of the knowledge gained at the School.

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the present addresses of any that you know: Leslie R. Casey, '53, professor; Taylor H. Hatchett, '50, construction business; Mildred Martin Hill, '53, teacher; the Reverend Harry C. Hubbard, '51, Southern Baptist Church; Daniel Lanier, Jr., '58, psychiatric social worker; Sanford Martin, Jr., '51, editor; Richard E. Moester, '51; Joseph C. Ramsey, '53, sociology professor.

NORTH DAKOTA

The fifth annual conference of the North Dakota Commission on Alcoholism was held at the Country Club in Bismarck on November 5-6, 1959. The theme of the conference was "What Shall We Teach About Alcoholism in the Home, Church, and School." The conference was co-sponsored by the commission and the National Institute of Mental Health. Alumni lecturers were the Reverend John E. Keller, '36, Minneapolis, Minn.; Bernard Larsen, '35, Bismarck; Raymond G. McCarthy, '43, New Haven, Conn.; and the Reverend Clarence C. Putnam, '55, Jamestown.

An alcohol studies school was held at the University of North Dakota on June 7-13. It was jointly sponsored by the North Dakota Commission on Alcoholism, the United States Public Health Service and the University of North Dakota. More than 75 students attended. Alumni lectures at the school were Daniel J. Anderson, '54, Willmar, Minn.; Bernard Larsen and Raymond G. McCarthy.

Ida S. and Leland J. Phillips, '56, Jamestown, were on the staff participating in the third annual alcoholism seminar at the state hospital on April 4-5, 1959. Mrs. Phillips also led the workshop for teen-agers.

A seminar on a state hospital program for alcoholism sponsored by the North Dakota Commission on Alcoholism and the agencies of the Bureau of Indian Affairs was held in Jamestown on September 21-23, 1959. Alumni participating were Bernard Larsen, executive director of the commission; Leland J. Phillips, a counselor at the Jamestown State Hospital treatment center; and Ida S. Phillips, also on the staff of the state hospital. Special area offices from the Indian Reservations in Nebraska, North Dakota and South Dakota participated. All felt that the meeting had given them greater insight into the problem. They believe it will take the combined efforts of Federal, state and tribal organizations to cope with the serious situation now existing among the Indians. It was proposed that a full-time person should coordinate the activities concerning this problem. We are indebted to Lee Phillips for a full and most interesting report on facts about the history of Indian drinking and the very real problem existing among the Plains Tribes.

OHIO

The winter edition of Ohio’s Health, published by the Ohio Department of Health, was devoted to the problems of alcoholism. Louis J. Pansky, '48, director of the Alcoholism Information and Consultation Center of the Cincinnati Health Department, was author of the article "Communities move to help the alcoholic." The lead article, "The problem of Alcoholism," was written by J. Arthur Hincliffe, '52. After receiving his M.P.H. at Yale University in 1958, Mr. Hincliffe became the first executive director of the Alcoholism Information and Consultation Center of the Columbus Health Department.

Galen F. Achauer, '31, Dayton, referee of the Court of Domestic Relations, has been elected president of the Board of Directors of Serenity Foundation, Inc., an organization set up for the purpose of establishing homes for the rehabilitation of alcoholic women.
Mail has been returned to us from Marjorie Arnold, 49, mental hygienist. If you know her present address, please send it to us.

SOUTH DAKOTA

Joseph G. Sheils, 53, Pickstown, appeared before the State Hospital Association in the fall on a panel discussing the problem of alcohol. One day of the 2-day convention of the association was devoted to various aspects of the problem. Mr. Sheils is still working with others on a state program.

TENNESSEE

The Reverend C. Aubrey Hearn, 43, Nashville, member of the editorial staff of the Baptist Sunday School Board, addressed the Missouri Alcohol Education Institute in September on "The Minister and Alcohol Education." He has written six books on the problem of alcohol, the three latest ones being "The Way to Sobriety, Alcohol and Christian Influence and What About Beer."

Charles R. Short, 57, Nashville, chairman of Union Missions, Inc., wrote that the mission has moved to larger quarters, and built a sheltered workshop where they are able to keep 20 men busy making doormats from old tires. He says the work on the farm is slow due to lack of funds but they hope to have the dormitories completed in 1960.

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the present addresses of any that you know: Katharine Howard, 45, teacher; the Reverend Frederick P. Loman, 51, Southern Baptist Church.

TEXAS

J. Nelson Brown, 42, Austin, died September 27. Mr. Brown was the first director of the Texas Commission on Alcoholism and held that position until June 1959 when illness forced his resignation. He was succeeded by Frank B. Campbell, 59.

The new address of the Texas Commission on Alcoholism is Room 808, State Office Building, Austin 1.

Peggy A. King, 49, Fort Worth, state probation officer, is on leave and

Lost Alumni

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni, whose names are listed under the states and countries of their last known addresses. Please send us the present addresses of any that you know.

District of Columbia: Sarah Hallock, 44, social worker; the Reverend N. Horace Mann, '56, Presbyterian Church; Rae E. Downey, '57, public school guidance counselor.

Idaho: Robert W. Duff, '51, State Department of Education.

Kansas: the Reverend R. Lofton Hudson, 47, Baptist Church; John H. Meckenhall, 53, psychologist.


New Mexico: Claude Davis, '49, car dealer; Arvid E. Sutherland, '56.

Ohioana: Dickie Church, '49, sanatorium employee; Thomas J. Dent, '49, psychologist.

West Virginia: Jennie Harshberger, '50, teacher; Joseph H. Jeffers, '48, brewing industry.


Egypt: Malak Guirguis, '49, public security.


Italy: John Steward, '47.

Japan: the Reverend Willis P. Brownning, '46, Methodist Church.

Norway: Olga Milich Logan, '51.

Sweden: Bo Nilson, '47, temperance worker.

RHODE ISLAND

Winona M. Perry, 44, was one of a party of 20 who went on a Bible Lands Tour in April and May 1959.

SOUTH CAROLINA

The University of South Carolina sponsored the second workshop on "Community Problems Related to Alcohol" on June 8-26, 1959 at Columbia. Milton A. Maxwell, '50, professor of sociology at Washington State University, was director of the workshop.

The Governor's Council on Alcoholism was held in conjunction with the workshop on June 24-26. Alumni lecturers and consultants were Yvonna Gardner, '49, New York City, deputy executive director of the National Council on Alcoholism; Milton A. Maxwell; the Reverend Howard G. McClain, '50, Columbia, of the Christian Action Council; and Arthur M. Taylor, '44, Columbia, state supervisor of alcohol education.

The Reverend John G. Hipp, '59, Holly Hill, spoke to the South Carolina W.C.T.U. on October 29, 1959 on "Echoes from the Yale School of Alcohol Studies." Mr. Hipp is director of Christian social concerns in the Orangeburg District of the Methodist Church.

The eighth annual Health Conference met at University Park on August 16-20, 1959 at the Section on Alcoholism. Alumni participating were Raymond G. McCarthy, '43, New Haven, Conn.; Marian J. Wettrick, '47, Harrisburg, and the Reverend Paul E. Whitmoyer, 34, Reading. The conference was sponsored by the Department of Health, the State Medical Society, and the State Health Council and Public Health Association in cooperation with Pennsylvania State University.

On April 8-10, the "Spring Conference of Committees on Alcoholism" held at Bolling Springs, the "Spring Conference of Committees on Alcoholism" held at Bolling Springs, 1959. Alumni participating in the program were Terrence J. Boyle, '50, New York City; Forrest Eberle, '57, Philadelphia; Marty Mann, '14, New York City; Raymond G. McCarthy, '43, New Haven, Conn.; William J. Plunkett, '56, New York City; Eleanor L. Schafer, '54, Bethlehem; Marian J. Wettrick, '47, Harrisburg; the Reverend Paul E. Whitmoyer, '54, Reading. Edward L. Duffy, '43, Philadelphia, formerly chief counselor of the Alcoholism Unit of Philadelphia General Hospital, is now working as counselor in the Alcohol Research Clinic of Lankenau Hospital.

Helen C. Snyder, '52, executive director of the Philadelphia Committee on Alcoholism, writes that the Mayor of Philadelphia proclaimed the week of October 23 "Alcoholism Information Week." In cooperation with the Philadelphia Department of Health, the committee planned the program for the week. Both the clergy and medical societies cooperated. Mrs. Snyder stated that newspaper coverage was excellent and that several radio and television interviews were made. Various A.A. groups held open house as did the Information Center. The public was invited to listen to discussions by prominent speakers on alcoholism as a community problem, alcoholism as a medical, social and economic problem, and the problem of business and industry.

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the present addresses of any that you know: E. H. D. Clarke, '53, social worker; Dr. James H. Glosston, '46, physician; F. Arthur Grambling, Jr., '55, social worker; James A. W. Killip, '43, temperance worker; Luella Laboza, '45, social worker; John L. McGlasson, '56, steel industry; Capt. Edgar T. McGowan, '54, Salvation Army; Horace H. Moore, '44; Jean D. Royen, '47; Frances Stanford, '58, psychiatric social worker; Marie L. Van Horn, '54, caseworker.
Howard Wilcox Haggard, 1891–1959

IT IS with deep sorrow that we record the death of Dr. Howard Wilcox Haggard on April 1, 1959.

Primarily a physiologist, Doctor Haggard was gifted with a rare combination of imaginative skill as a scientific researcher, and warmth, forcefulness and inspiration as a teacher. In his research he developed vivid insights into the objects of his study. As an unusually effective educator he was able to communicate these insights not only to the thousands of his students at Yale but to the world at large through his books and extensive lectures.

Doctor Haggard was born in La Porte, Indiana, on July 18, 1891. After graduating from Exeter Academy he entered Yale University, receiving his degree of Ph.B. in 1914 and his M.D. degree in 1917. After serving as a Captain of Chemical Warfare in World War I, he joined the Yale faculty in 1919. In 1926 he became professor and director of the Laboratory of Applied Physiology at Yale, positions which he held until his retirement in 1956.

In the earlier years of his laboratory research, in which he was closely associated with Dr. Yandell Henderson, he was a pioneer in respiratory physiology. Illustrative of the field in which he carried out many of his pioneer studies are his work in mine rescue, the prevention of industrial poisoning, the development of the modern gas mask, inhalation therapy, anesthesia, the ventilation of vehicular tunnels, decompression in diving and caisson work, resuscitation from drowning, gas poisoning and electric shock. For Doctor Haggard research was never completed until the results had been carried to practical application.

As an educator Doctor Haggard’s influence was equally impressive and widely felt. In the thousands of his students during 15 years of teaching at Yale his dynamic personality and spell-binding lectures left an indelible feeling of affection and inspiration. To a much broader audience he has left his many scientific and provocative popular publications, among them such informative books as Noxious Gases: Science of Health and Disease; Devils, Drugs and Doctors; The Lane, the Halt, and the Blind; Alcohol Explored.

In 1939 Doctor Haggard initiated in his Laboratory of Applied Physiology a series of studies of the effects of alcohol upon the body. More important than the mere development of verified pertinent facts and correction of the vast body of misconception in this area, he recognized a need for the combined efforts of many disciplines if the results of research were to be applied to the problems of alcohol. Through this insight he led his department into pioneering paths in the investigation of the problems of alcohol and alcoholism. Under his inspiration and leadership developed the Yale Center of Alcohol Studies, the Summer School of Alcohol Studies, the famed Yale Plan Clinic and the Quarterly Journal of Studies on Alcohol.

Although his activities during the last 5 years were curtailed because of ill health, he continued as editor of the Quarterly Journal of Studies on Alcohol.

L. A. G.

VERMONT

A “Technical Assistance Project Conference in Alcohol Education” was held in Stowe on October 14-16, 1959. The conference was sponsored by the U.S. Public Health Service, the State Alcoholic Rehabilitation Commission, and the State Department of Health and Education. Alumni speakers and chairs were Harold W. Denone, Jr., ’55, Boston, Mass.; Raymond G. McCarthy, ’43, New Haven, Conn.; Harry V. McNeill, ’56, New York City; John J. Pasciuti, ’51, Montpelier; and Joseph P. Verdiery, ’51, Burlington.

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the present addresses of any that you know: Edmund J. Dague, ’56, State Alcoholic Commission; Edward J. O’Gara, ’48, professor.

VIRGINIA

A ministers’ institute on “The Church’s Concern for the Alcohol, Education of its People,” sponsored by the Virginia Church Temperance Council, Inc. and the Mount Vernon Baptist Association, met May 14-15 in Alexandria. Alumni participating in the program were the Reverend J. P. Allen, ’46, Charlottesville; the Reverend Charles A. Edwards, ’52, Radford; and the Reverend Wayne W. Worner, D.D., ’43, Richmond.

The Reverend Charles A. Edwards, who has been associate secretary of the Virginia Church Temperance Council for the past 4 years, has resigned to become a manager of Pennsylvania Funds Corporation. The council regrets his leaving, as he has been most effective in his work with high school students. During the past year, Mr. Edwards and Wayne W. Worner together gave 688 class room lectures to over 45,000 students.

Dr. Ebbe C. Hoff, dean of graduate studies, Medical College of Virginia, and medical director of the Virginia Division of Alcohol Studies and Rehabilitation, who for the past several years has led the seminar for physicians at the Summer School of Alcohol Studies has also been mo
cooperative in assisting the Virginia Church Temperance Council in alcohol education seminars in colleges throughout Virginia.

Wayne W. Womer is chairman of the Advisory Committee of the Virginia Division of Alcohol Studies and Rehabilitation.

"A Workshop on Alcohol Problems," sponsored by the Virginia Department of Health and Region III of the U.S. Public Health Service, was held at the University of Virginia on October 22-23, 1959. Alumni on the staff were Dr. Paul H. Stevenson, '50, Bethesda, and the Reverend Wayne W. Womer. Dr. Elbe C. Hof and Gladys Price were lecturers. Miss Price also led a seminar for social workers.

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the present addresses of any that you know: James M. Dobbin, '33, printer; Louise P. Hale, '49, social worker.

WASHINGTON

A seminar on alcoholism was held at the Diocesan House of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Olympia in the fall. It was designed to equip clergy with the necessary tools for handling this problem in their churches. The Reverend James T. Golder, '56, Seattle, was one of the speakers and the Reverend George F. Pratt, '55, Abbotsford, B. C., spoke on the clergyman's role in working with members of Alcoholics Anonymous. Father Golder was chosen to serve on the State Board of Health's Committee on Alcoholism to help formulate and establish a church program in the state. He also lectured at the Yale Summer School and led the seminar in Seattle. The first Episcopal seminary to devote a permanent place in the seminary curriculum to the problems of alcohol. Father Golder was appointed rector of the Church of the Advent in San Francisco on February 1.

Milton A. McCaw, '50, Pullman, has been named a member of the State Board of Health Committee on Alcoholism. During the summer of 1959 he again conducted a 1-week alcohol studies workshop at the University of South Carolina. He also lectured at the Yale Summer School and led the seminar in Seattle there. He continues to teach a sociology course on alcoholism at Washington State University.

Charles W. Bryan, '54, Tacoma, was elected president of the National Alcoholic Beverage Control Association at its convention on November 11, 1959 in San Francisco. Mr. Bryan is a member of the Washington State Liquor Board. The association represents 17 states that handle liquor distribution.

Herbert H. Hill, '48, Seattle, writes that the name of the Washington Temperance Association has been changed to the Alcohol Problems Association. Mr. Hill is executive director. He says that the new name and emphasis of the program are being well received.

Brig. Paul E. Bodine, '39, manager of the Men's Social Service Department of the Salvation Army in Seattle, has been appointed a member of the Seattle Committee on Alcoholism. Other alumni on the committee are Herbert H. Hill and Mary B. Lewis.

The state of Washington and the city of Seattle are cooperating in a pilot unit to which alcoholic patients are referred. Richard Tuthill, '56, executive director of the Division on Alcoholism of the Department of Institutions, sponsored the project in the hope that all social agencies will cooperate.

WISCONSIN

Gerald F. McGill, '30, formerly of Eau Claire, is now in Superior. Although retired from teaching, he still lectures and shows films on alcohol problems to high school and college groups.

Mail has been returned to us from Dr. John F. Gallagher, '56, physician. If you know his present address, please send it to us.

News from Canada and Abroad

ALBERTA

The first issue of Progress was published in June 1959. The managing editor is J. George Strachan, '50, Edmonton, executive director of the Alcoholism Foundation of Alberta. The magazine has introduced its readers to the foundation, the staff, its organization, accomplishments and objectives. Each issue will present articles on counseling, research and education in the field of alcoholism. Hanna C. Lewis, '52, associate director of educational services at the foundation, has resigned. She was with the foundation for 3 years. Robert T. Dorris, '48, Edmonton, formerly of Pasadina, Calif., joined the staff of the foundation on October 1.

The Reverend Albert G. Thompson, '47, formerly of Blairsmore, is now located in Edmonton. He shows films and talks to high school students throughout northern Alberta on the problems of alcohol.

Dr. E. M. Jelinek, first director of the School, has been appointed to the permanent staff of the Alcoholism Foundation of Alberta. He is chief consultant and director of professional training. He is also honorary clinical professor in psychiatry at the University of Alberta, where he lectures to the fourth-year medical students. He continues as advisor and consultant to the Alcoholism Research Foundation of Ontario.

Mail has been returned to us from Anita Giguere, '47, social worker. If you know her present address, please send it to us.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

The third annual British Columbia School of Alcohol Studies was held on June 8-11, 1959. It was sponsored by the University of British Columbia, the Alcohol Research and Education Council, and the Alcoholism Foundation of British Columbia. The following alumni were lecturers: Patrick J. Fogarty, '56, Vancouver, senior counselor of the Alcoholism Foundation of British Columbia; Harold C. Huggins, '58, Vancouver, director of education of the foundation; Sidney E. Kerlache, '52, Vancouver, counselor at the foundation; E. D. McCrae, '34, Vancouver, executive director of the foundation; Dr. Bernard B. Moscovitch, '55, Vancouver, clinical director of the foundation; and the Reverend John A. Linton, D.D., '45, Toronto, general secretary of the Canadian Temperance Foundation.

Mail has been returned to us from Dr. Richard Brown, '48, physician. If you know his present address, please send it to us.

NOVA SCOTIA

Donald R. Gilchrist, '54, Halifax, is supervisor of alcohol education for the Department of Education. The Temperance Education Division presented its second annual session of the Nova Scotia Summer School of Alcohol and Narcotics Studies on August 10-15, 1959 at Pine Hill College in Halifax.

ONTARIO

A recent release of the University of Toronto Press announces the following publications authored by alumni and staff of the School: Statistics of Alcohol Use and Alcoholism in Canada by Robert E. Preston, '54, and Wolfgang Schmidt, '37; Chronic Alcoholism by Robert J. Gibbins, '51;
Form 3547 Requested

The Alcohol Language by Mark Keller, editor of the QUARTERLY JOURNAL OF STUDIES ON ALCOHOL, and John R. Seeley.

The Intercollegiate School of Alcohol Studies was held on August 22-27, 1959 at McMaster University in Hamilton. The Reverend John A. Linton, ‘45, Toronto, is vice-president of the school and Harry S. Warner, ’43, Columbus, Ohio, is general secretary. Alumni lecturing at the school were the Reverend Charles A. Edwards, ’32, Radford, Va.; the Reverend John E. Keller, ’36, Minneapolis, Minn.; the Reverend Albion Roy King, Mount Vernon, Iowa; Gordon M. Patrick, ’58, Burlington, Vt.; the Reverend J. Robert Regan, Jr., ’58, Washington, D. C.; David A. Stewart, ’49, Toronto; and the Reverend Wayne W. Womer, ’43, Richmond, Va.

A seminar course for physicians was held at the Alcoholism Research Foundation’s Toronto clinic on November 13-14, 1959. The seminar was jointly sponsored by the foundation and the College of General Practice of Canada. Attendance was limited to 25 and credit was given.

The foundation and the Christian Social Council of Canada held their fourth annual clergy workshop. Participating clergymen met in half-day sessions on six successive Thursdays during October and November.

The foundation and the Hamilton Board of Education sponsored a seminar on alcohol education for teachers on November 23.

W. S. Schmidt, ’57, Toronto, was co-author of “Note on alcoholics and drunk driving” in the February 1959 issue of Criminal Law Quarterly.

Robert E. Popham, ’54, Toronto, was the author of “Social and cultural aspects of alcoholism,” which appeared in the Canadian Psychiatric Association Journal in October 1959.

H. David Archibald, ’48, Toronto, executive director of the Alcoholism Research Foundation of Ontario, has been elected a director and associate editor of the QUARTERLY JOURNAL OF STUDIES ON ALCOHOL.

Sidney Katz, ’56, Toronto, associate editor of Alcohol’s Magazine, is the author of an article in the December 5, 1959 issue, entitled “The secret tragedy of the alcoholic’s wife.”

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the present addresses of any that you know: the Reverend Milton J. Aiken, ’37, United Church of Canada; James B. Butterill, ’35, teacher; Gordon R. Clemons, ’37, probation officer; Irene G. Kinnis, ’58, registered nurse; D. Victorio Mulan, ’50, teacher; the Reverend Frank Smythies, ’49, United Church of Canada.

QUEBEC

Dr. André Boudreau, ’38, Quebec, has been appointed by the government of the Province of Quebec to try the foundation for a commission on alcoholism. This will be the sixth Canadian province with an official alcoholism program.

The Reverend Raymond M. Bedard, ’43, formerly of Fall River, Mass., has been transferred to St. Hyacinthe.

Conrad Langlois, ’39, Montreal, journalist, has written articles about alcoholism which have appeared in many newspapers and magazines, including La Patrie du Dimanche, L’Ordre: Bulletin Confidentiel, Les Vivres, and Reaction. He has published a brochure, La Rehabilitation des Alcooliques, and has given talks on French radio and television stations. He is a member of the Documents and Research Committee of the newly proposed Quebec Commission of Studies on Alcohol and took part in the first Quebec congress on alcoholism in the fall.

Mail has been returned to us from the following alumni. Please send us the present addresses of any that you know: Emile Fortin, ’50, teacher; E. Raymond Noel, ’32, social worker; Gertrude Trottier, ’47, social worker.

SASKATCHEWAN

J. F. A. Calder, ’37, Regina, director of the Bureau on Alcoholism of the Department of Social Welfare and Rehabilitation, has written of the expansion of activities in the bureau. A province-wide educational program under the direction of Angus R. Campbell, ’39, supervisor of alcoholism information services, has been inaugurated. The first counseling and referral center in Regina is under way. Medical service is to be provided by the Department of Public Health. Members of the bureau held a conference for doctors and nurses in Saskatchewan on September 17 to explain the work of the bureau and make plans to coordinate effort in the field of alcoholism. Both Mr. Calder and Mr. Campbell spoke.

George C. Russell, ’52, formerly sheriff of Moose Jaw, has been lecturing to the nursing staff of Union Hospital for a number of years and talking on alcohol problems to service groups and clubs.

Patrick J. Fogarty, ’56, formerly senior counselor of the Alcoholism Foundation of British Columbia, is now director of research and planning in the Department of Health and Welfare of the Province of Saskatchewan, with headquarters in Regina.

CUBA

Lt. Herman McG. Kennickell, Jr., ’39, Protestant Episcopal chaplain in the U. S. Navy stationed at Guantanamo Bay, writes that since attending the School last summer he has helped start a local group of Alcoholics Anonymous at the naval base where there are 6,000 American servicemen and their families.

SOUTH AFRICA

The Reverend Karl W. Heese, ’55, Pinelands, is on the advisory board of a provincial hospital which recently opened a fully equipped facility to care for alcoholic patients. The hospital is the first of its kind in South Africa and Mr. Heese says it was made possible through the endeavors of people inspired by what they had learned at the School.